BAGHDAD (R) — Arms experts combing Iraq for hidden nuclear activity split into several groups Tuesday to inspect as many sites as possible. United Nations sources said. The 24 inspectors left their Baghdad hotel and drove in four different directions, the sources added. The team leader Direction in four different directions, the sources added. The team leader. Dimitri Perricos, said a group of nuclear specialists had been visiting engineering plants to check for activities prohibited by Gulf war ceasefure terms. "A group has been going around and visiting different state terms." A group has been going around and complete terms. war ceasetire terms. "A group has been going around and visiting different state establishments for engineering," said the Greek expert from the International Atomic Energy Agency. Mr. Perricos said some teams had carried out short-notice inspections and a small group had spent five days deep in the Western allies air exclusion zone in northern Iraq. "They visited four facilities up there: They gathered whatever results they have and now they'll be evaluated to see what we can get out of it." Mr. Perricos and his team arrived in Bagidad on Wednesday. He described his lindings so far as "both nositive and negative. Negative when you think findings so far as "both positive and negative. Negative when you think that something is there and there is nothing, positive when you think there is something there and you find it."

Iraq demands end to spy flights, page 2

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation جوردان تايمز يومية سياسية تعسر بالانجليزية عن للؤسسة المنطبة الاردنية والرايء

Cairo appoints counsellor to Iraq

AMMAN (AP) - Egypt is sending a career diplomat to Baghdad to upgrade its representation there after a strain in ties that followed Iraq's 1990 invasion of Kuwait, an Egyptian embassy official said Tuesday. Rida Abdul Karim, a diplomat at the Foreign Ministry in Cairo who previously served in Czechoslovakia, will travel Wednesday to Baghdad to assume his post as counsellor, said the official, who insisted on anonymity. Egypt withdrew its diplomats from Baghdad after the August 1990 invasion of Kuwait, leaving only two administrative attaches to run an interest section at the Indian embassy. Egypt is only the second member of the U.S.-led anti-Iraq coalition that has decided to upgrade its representation in Baghdad since the 1991 Gulf war. Turkey sent a counsellor to Iraq earlier this month to reopen its embassy there.

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AMMAN WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10, 1993, RAMADAN 17, 1413

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams

Settler

to turn

police said.

who shot

Gazan said

himself in

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM

(AP) - A Jewish settler from the

occupied Gaza Strip turned him-

self in Tuesday, saying he opened

fire during a clash in which an

Arab labourer was shot to death.

man the Ganei Tal settlement

after questioning, said Gaza police commander David Sabe.

More settlers may be arrested on suspicion of having fired shots

Police arrested the 43-year-old

Qatar denies reconciliation effort

DUBAI (R) - Qatar denied Tuesday it was trying to reconcile Kuwait and Iraq and said its contacts with the two were aimed at securing the release of Auwaitis believed to be held in Iraq. The official Qatari News Agency (QNA) quoted Foreign Minister Sheikh Hamad Ben Jassim Ben Jaber Al Thani as saying Qatar "was trying to secure the release of Kuwaiti prisoners ... it is not specifically direct mediation to normalise ties between the two countries." Press reports in the region said in the past week Kuwait had rejected a Qatari effort to mediate between Kuwait and Iraq. Sheikh Hamad said Doha had undertaken the humanitarian effort on the occasion of the blessed month of Ramadan." Qatar has sent its ambassador back to Baghdad. Most other Gulf Arab states have shunned any contacts since the end of the Gulf war.

Palestinians strike in Syria

DAMASCUS (R) — Palestinians in refugee camps in Syria went on strike on Tuesday in protest against the Arab-Israeli peace talks. A Palestinian source told Reuter students in all Palestinian schools stayed away from classes. Signs in the streets called on Palestinian negotiators to withdraw from the peace talks and demanded the return home of 400 Palestinians expelled by Israel to South Lebanon.

Savimbi orders fighters back to bush

NICOSIA (R) — Angolan rebel leader Jonas Savimbi ordered his fighters back to the bush Tuesday saying they should reorganise disbanded units to continue the fight same time, Mr. Savimbi, in an address to the nation on his movement's radio station, degranded a change of venue and replacement of the U.N. mediator in Angola as the price of his participation in further peace talks with the government.

Bomb damages Kuwait music shop

KUWAIT (R) - A bomb ex-

ploded at a music shop in a

Kuwait City suburb Tuesday, causing damage but no injuries. police said. "There was an exploion in a record shop in Khaitan area at two O'clock in the morning. No-one was injured and at present there are no suspects," a spokesman said. A similar explosion ripped through another the music shop in the same district fast Thursday, causing damage but no injuries. The blasts bring to at least six the number of bomb explosions in Khaitan since the liberation of Kuwait by U.S.-led coalition troops from Iraqi forces in February 1991. The previous explosions have targeted video shops. Suspicion has concentrated on Islamic extremists. Mafor fundamentalist groups have

KUALA LUMPUR (R) -Malaysian authorities have detained an Iranian supertanker that dropped anchor in waters off The southern state of Johor withhepairs in Singapore.

Arab Bank

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Arab Bank Tuesday issued a statement clarifying its position vis-a-vis its branches there but the conditions

U.S. to issue invitations soon to Arabs, Israel for resumed talks April 20

WASHINGTON (Agencies) — Arabs and Israel will be asked to resume their suspended peace talks in Washington on April 20 in invitations to be issued in a few

days, Clinton administration offi-cials said Tuesday. Only the participation of the Palestinians has not been assured. They have objected to terms reached by the United States and Israel for the repatriation of 396 Palestinian expellees now in Lebanon

The invitations will be issued by the co-sponsors, the United States and Russia. The last round ended here in mid-December with some progress in Israel's talks with both Syria and Jordan. Secretary of State Warren Christopher, in his first overseas

trip, urged leaders in Jordan.

Syria, Lebanon and Israel as well

as the Palestinians to return to the table. He reported afterwards a commitment to the peace process from all sides. But he did not get a specific pledge from the Palestinians to resume talks with Israel on limited self-rule on the West

Bank and Gaza. Still, Mr. Christopher and Rus-

(Agencies) - The chief Palesti-

talks were deadlocked over

Israel's refusal to commit itself to

refrain from future expulsions.

us is that Israel commits itself not

to carry out (expulsions) in the

future," Dr. Haidar Abdul Shafi,

head of the negotiating team, told

zhak) Rabin insists on reserving the right to (expel) people," he said. Asked if that meant efforts

to revive the Washington talks

were deadlocked, Dr. Abdul Sha-

fi said: "Yes."
U.S.-brokered Arab-Israeli.

negotiations have been frozen since December when Mr. Rabin

expelled 415 Palestinians to

Lebanon. Palestinians are de-

manding Israel take back all the

expellees and announce it will

refrain from future expulsions.

six-point understanding with U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christ-

opher during his visit to the re-gion last month but that Mr. Rabin rejected the wording of the

Dr. Abdul Shafi said his team

would not return to Washington

- even if the United States

Mr. Husseini said he was opti-

mistic that the talks now stalled

over Israel's mass expulsion of

Palestinians would resume but he

tic. I believe that by more work

Palestinians said they reached a

"(Israeli Prime Minister Yit-

Renters.

proposal.

vital.

"The most important point for

Efforts to revive talks

day efforts to revive Middle East said he plans to issue invitations

Kozyrev decided in Geneva, Switzerland, on Feb. 25 to go ahead with invitations.

Administration officials, insisting on anonymity, told the Associated Press Tuesday they hoped the Palestinians would be

The Syrians are known to be eager to resume talks with Israel because they hold promise of regaining part, if not all, of the Golan Heights.

Israel is demanding peace from Syria as a precondition to "ter-

ritorial compromise." Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin is due here on Friday and will meet with President Bill Clinton next Tues-"We are working together,"

Mr. Clinton said at a news conference Tuesday. "I feel very confident he wants the peace process back on track." Israel television said later that

the peace talks will resume in Washington on April 19. In an unsourced report Israel Television said invitations to the U.S.-brokered talks would be sent on Wednesday to all parties

in the negotiations. It said the State Department sian Foreign Minister Andrei had decided on the date and had

Saeb Erekat, a member of the

Palestinian negotiating team, said Mr. Rabin wants the Palestinians

to announce readiness to return

to the negotiating table before

making any overtures on future

expellee problem.

process.

We still do not know what

David Sultan, Israel's new

ambassador to Egypt, delivered

the message after presenting his

Foreign Minister Amr Musa.

who attended the meeting, told

reporters afterwards that the

message dealt with "outstanding

matters between the two coun-

tries and the Middle East peace

would disclose details of the mes-

(Continued on page 5)

Neither he nor Mr. Sultan

credentials to Mr. Mubarak.

ners to the talks, Israel, Syria, Lebanon, Jordan, and the

An Israeli spokesman declined to comment on the report. "We will comment when we receive an invitation," he said.

In Damascus, Syria and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) agreed Tuesday to press ahead with plans to convene an Arab conference in Damascus to try to relaunch the peace talks and solve the question of Palestinian expellees The Syrian News Agency, re-

porting on a meeting between Foreign Minister Farouk Al Sharaa and Farouk Kaddoumi, head of the PLO's Political Department, said the aim was for the conference to convene after the Holy Month of Ramadan, which ends in about a fortnight.

Mr. Sharaa said last month Syria would convene an Arab conference in Damascus, but so far Syria has not given invitations or set an exact date. Mr. Christopher said mean-

while the United States will adhere "for the time being" to its

(Continued on page 5)

Exiles say deadlocked - Abdul Shafi intifada OCCUPIED JERUSALEM issued invitations to resume the talks — unless the crisis was nian peace pegotiators said Tues- resolved. Mr. Christopher has

escalated

(R) - Palestinian exiles said Tuesday the uprising in the occu-pied territories fueled by their expulsion would increase until
"the land burns under the feet of

kind of commitment he is willing to make," Dr. Erekat told Reuters Tuesday. "We cannot buy the fish before we see it." of the 396 men stranded in South Lebanon for 11 weeks, said Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak Tuesday received a message from Mr. Rabin and an Egyptian minister expressed hope necessary means. for a satisfactory solution to the

have killed eight Israelis.

On Monday, Palestinians killed December.

more and more.

feet of the occupiers."
Dr. Rantisi said Palestinians were fed up with the Israeli

as the worst kind of slavery. "International law guarantees our right to resist the occupiers by any necessary means."

strange" a statement by U.N Secretary-General Boutros Ghali in which he condemned the recent killings of Israeli civilians and denied allegations in the Israeli media that the United Nations was less concerned over violence against Jews than against others.

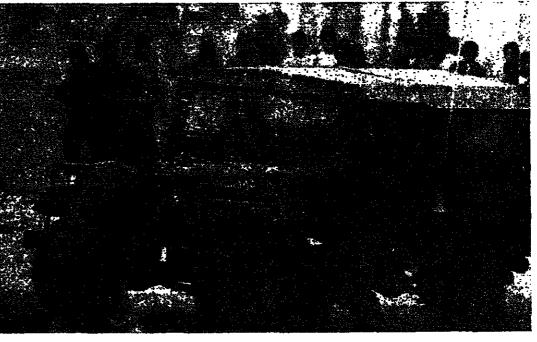
"Boutros-Ghali's statement equalises between the occupier and the occupied," he said. The statement said "acts of

against Palestinians or Palestinians against Israelis - only serve to undermine the confipeace process."

which demands Israel take them back immediately.

seem to be in a hurry.

(Continued on page 3)



Palestinian boys hurls rocks at an Israeli army jeep in the occupied Gaza Strip Tuesday (AFP photo)

FBI says 'large group' behind **World Trade Centre bombing** congressional sub-committee

WASHINGTON (Agencies) -- A Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) official told Congress Tuesday he believes that a "large, well known terrorist group' bombed New York's Trade Centre, but his director said it likely does not signal a coming wave of terrorism in the United States. James Fox, head of the FBI's

New York office, said it was his

"gut feeling" that the Feb. 26

bombing was "a terrorist incident organised by a large, well-known terrorist group."

He did not identify the organisation but said, "it is a group that knows what they're doing. This was not a group of ad hoc

terrorists."

looking into the possibility that the bombing is the first of a new wave of attacks against the United States. Five people were killed in the bombing and 1,000 injured. The American public should

always be vigilant, but this suspected act of terrorism should not be viewed as the opening act in a coming wave of terrorism," Mr. Sessions said. He said the last "international

terrorist activity on U.S. soil occurred last April, when Iranian opposition organisation took over the Iranian mission to the United Nations in New York.

"Prior to that incident, there Mr. Fox and FBI Director Wil- had not been an internationa liam Sessions testified before a terrorism attack in the United

States since 1983," Mr. Sessions According to FBI statistics.

there have been 163 attacks in the United States since 1902, most of them domestic incidents in Puerto Rico by Puerto Ricans, Mr. Sessions said. Mr. Sessions' assessment dif-

fered from that of the subcommittee chairman, Representative Charles E. Schumer. who earlier warned that the trade centre bombing and the killing of two Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) employees in a Washington suburb could be the first violence in a new wave of terrorism in this country. "The question is not whether

(Continued on page 5)

during Monday's confrontation with Arab workers, he said. The shootings could signal a new stage of violence in the Gaza Strip. Settlers have complained they are being abandoned by the government following calls by some cabinet ministers for Israeli

withdrawal from Gaza and might feel greater justification to engage in vigilante acts.
The settlers' Rabbi, Yigal Kaminsky, Tuesday refused to condemn violence. "I don't think we want just revenge against the Arabs, but I think we have to give

every Jew the possibility to re-spond and defend himself against Arab actions against us," Rabbi Kaminsky told Israel army radio. Monday's confrontation in the northern Gaza Strip came after settler Uri Magidish, 39, was stabbed to death by Palestinian

workers. As settlers returned from Magidish' funeral and Palestinians got back from jobs in israel, a stone-throwing clash erupted, with both sides saying the other started. Shots were fired, killing 25-year-old Naim Maidun.

(Continued on page 5) Fighting shatters Kabul

PLO, Hamas resume talks; basic differences remain By Mariam M. Shahin

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - A dialogue between the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and Hamas resumed in Amman this week with high-level meetings between Jordan-based Hamas leaders and the PLO official Abbas Zaki.

Two meetings, one held Mon-day and one Saturday, revolved around the implementation of U.N. Security Council Resolution 799 and "coordination" between the PLO and Hamas in the occupied territories.

"We have been discussing two issues which we agree upon which is 799 and developments in the occupied territories," said Hamas representative in Jordan Mohammad Nazzal. "Cooperation between Hamas and the PLO in the occupied territories was discussed," Mr. Nazzai told the Jordan

Zaki would discuss the nature of cooperation between the two

Neither Mr. Nazzal nor Mr.

"The talks have not yielded

spite a political uproar over its

attempts to change a crucial cor-

ruption law. Foreign Trade

Minister Claudio Vitalone said on

Cabinet Secretary Fabio Fabbri

told reporters at the end of a

two-hour cabinet meeting that

Prime Minister Giuliano Amato

would present a parliamentary

amendment to change the law.

Italian President Fabio Fabri

told reporters at the end of a

two-hour cabinet meeting that

Prime Minister Giuliano Amato

would present a parliamentary

amendment to change the law. Italian President Oscar Luigi

Scalfaro, hitherto Mr. Amato's

staunchest political supporters.

refused to push the proposal through by decree Sunday, sev-

erely embarrassing Mr. Amato

interview with the Milan daily

Tuesday.

Rome cabinet will not

ROME (Agencies) — The Italian government will not resign debeen let down by his allies and

able.

resign, minister says

fruit yet and therefore I prefer not to make announcements about the nature of our dialogue," said Mr. Zaki, a leading figure in the mainstream Fatch faction.

But relations between the PLO and Hamas remain strained as a result of Hamas' overtures to foreign governments over the Dec. 17 expulsion of some 400 Palestinians who are largely affiliated to Hamas as well as the Islamic lihad 'Right now the PLO is really

not very happy with Hamas," said a Tunis-based PLO official who has sat in on some of the PLO-Hamas talks.

"As the representatives of the Palestinian people we are re-sponsible for those evictees in South Lebanon and we have made major diplomatic overtures on their behalf," said the official. speaking to he Jordan Times on condition of anonymity. "There was no need for Hamas

to appeal and meet with foreign diplomats over this issue," said the official in an angry tone.

(Continued on page 5)

that in moments of solitude the

thought of resignation was inevit-

have resigned in the past month

and his justice minister. Giovanni

Conso, announced Monday he

was also thinking of leaving be-

cause it was no longer possible for

Police said Tuesday they

arrested the chairman and

another top official of Italy's state

energy conglomerate, the latest

figures to fall in a nationwide

scandal ensnaring business and

Cagliari and Franco Ciatti at

ENI, Italy's third largest em-

ployer, sent share prices plunging

on the Milan stock exchange. Mr.

Cagliari, the conglomerate's,

chairman, was arrested Monday

night, and Mr. Ciatti, who heads

the conglomerate's engineering

unit Nuovo Pignone, was arrested

Tuesday, police said.

Word of the arrests of Gabriele

him to work properly.

political giants.

Four of Mr. Amato's ministers

ceasefire; 42 injured KABUL (Agencies) — Fighting in Kabul, hospitals said Tuesday, Arabia to offer prayers at Mecca

between Afghan troops and a minority party injured 42 people but the belligerents told a ceasefire committee they would honour a peace accord signed by their

leaders this week.
The minority Hezb-e-Wahdat opened fire with mortars in the western suburbs last Monday and sporadic fire echoed over the shell-shattered capital for much

of the night. Hospitals said one person was killed and 42 injured in the fighting, which broke out a day after the rival Afghan leaders signed a

peace accord in Islamabad and declared an immediate ceasefire. A ceasefire committee made up of two representatives from each of the three main warring sides said they had received

assurances from Defence Minister Ahmad Shah Masood and the Hezb-e-Wahdat that the fighting would cease. "Masood told us there will be

no firing from the government

which brokered Sunday's peace

All the leaders were in Saudi and other shrines in honour of their accord. "What is the meaning of this

peace accord?" asked one resident of the northwestern suburb of Timony. "There are still rockets hitting our homes. More than 1,000 people have been killed and 6,000 injured

since the start of the year in battles for power in Kabul. "So far the problem has not been solved but they have gone to

Saudi Arabia to thank God," another resident said. "A peace agreement is one thing, but implementing it will be

difficult," said General Abdul Momin, commander of an army unit that joined the rebels to help topple the communist regime last

In neighbouring Pakistan, the well-armed rebel factions struggling to set up an Islamic government capable of ending bloodside," said Mohammad Faisal, a shed agreed over the weekend to representative from Pakistan, accept a peace agreement.

Militants go on trial for Egypt tourist attacks

CAIRO (Agencies) - Muslim in 1990 and an antiforeigners that have devastated Egypt's tourist industry went on trial Monday, shouting warnings of more violence and alleging they were tortured.

Forty-three defendants were handcuffed in pairs and hustled into metal cages in the military court, a converted theatre on an armed forces base in the desert outside Cairo. Another six were being tried in their absence.

One of the accused shouted out defiant history of Al Gama'a Al Islamiya (Islamic Group), the organisation they are accused of supporting.

Defendant Hisham Abdul Zaher shouted that the group was led by a blind preacher in exite in the United States, Omar Abdul Rahman, two of whose alleged followers were arrested after last month's bombing of New York's World Trade Centre.

Mr. Abdul Zaher said the Gama'a had killed Egyptian President Anwar Sadat in 1981, Parliament Speaker Rifaat Mahjoub

militants charged with attacks on fundamentalist writer, Farag Foda, in 1992, and would continue attacks on tourists until it achieved its aims. The defendants shouted

"There is no God but God" and brandished copies of the Koran. They held up banners reading 'We did not kill any tourists" and "Islam is coming" for the scores of reporters, photographers and camera crews packing the room.

All 49 are accused of "damaging national unity and social peace by calling for a change of the system of government" and "damaging the national economy by attacking tourism."

Groups of them are also charged with attempted murder in five specific gun and bomb attacks on tourist buses and a bomb attack on a Nile cruiser. Others were charged with weapons offences and a group of six with publicising the campaign through leaflets and contacts with

(Continued on page 5)

Malaysia detains Iranian supertanker

denied responsibility.

out approval, an official from the state harbour master's office said Triesday. The 289, 750-tonne Taftan, owned by the state-run National Iranian Tanker Co. and detained on Monday, will be held pending investigations, the official said. He said investigators had questioned the crew of 44 Indian nationals and a Sri Lankan and seized documents from the empty Taftan, which left Iran's Kharg Island on Feb. 24 for

clarifies stand

repeated a demand for Israeli concessions. There is no way but to have from the Israelis the commitment presence in the occupied West Bank. "Over five years ago the that there will be no deportations in the future," he told reporters Arab Bank applied to reopen its after the talks in which he was joined by Hael Fahoum, head of of the occupiers were and still are the PLO's European section and unacceptable to the Arab Bank London PLO representative Afif and this has precluded us from reopening our branches in the West Bank," the bank said. But he added: "I am optimis-

discussions with PLO LONDON (Agencies) - The we can ... solve the problem of British government restored the deportees,'

Britain holds top-level

high-level contacts with the Pales-Mr. Hogg supported the tine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Tuesday after a gap of more than two years but failed to "The future use of the deportation weapon would be extremely undesirable," he told the British win a Palestinian pledge to return to the stalled Middle East peace Broadcasting Corporation.

"Further movement on the Foreign Office Minister Doug-las Hogg met two PLO officials and Faisal Al Husseini, head of question of deportation would greatly facilitate their ability to come back into the talks," he the Palestinian peace talks deadded.

It was the first meeting by a British government minister with Mr. Hogg said he believed the half-hour meeting, which drew a the PLO since the Gulf war. Britain cut off ministerial contacts strong protest from Israel, was useful to reinforce Britain's view because PLO Chairman Yasser that renewed peace talks were Arafat supported Iraq.

Mr. Hogg said Britain decided to end the boycott in the hopes of persuading the Palestinians to return to the peace talks because Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin was the leader most likely to make a lasting agreement.

Israel protested about the meeting, saying Britain had handed the PLO a prize. "I believe there are good intentions behind it but I am afraid it may harm the (peace) process," Israeli Deputy Foreign Minister Yossi Beilin said in a BBC radio

interview before the meeting. (Continued on page 5)

will be

MARJ AL ZOHOUR, Lebanon

the occupiers. Abdul Aziz Al Rantisi, leader

Palestinians had the right to resist the Israeli occupation of the Gaza Strip and the West Bank by all Israeli-Palestinian violence has

surged since the December 17 expulsions. Israelis have killed 54 Palestinians and Palestinians

the fourth Israeli in a week and two Palestinians were shot dead. Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin ordered the expulsion of the Palestinians, alleged to be linked to militant groups, after six Israelis were killed in a week in

"After our (expulsion) there was an increase in the level of violence against the occupiers,' Dr. Rantisi told reporters at the muddy tent camp. "The Palesti-nian people's heroic resistance will continue and they will resist

"The land will burn under the occupation, which he described

He said he found "very

violence - whether by Israelis

dence and trust required by the The exiles want the full implementation of U.N. Security Council Resolution 799, issued one day after their banishment,

and promoting opposition calls for his resignation. But on Tuesday they did not Mr. Amato himself earlier prompted speculation he might "The longer we stay here the quit when he complained in an

Washington to seek to free \$50 million in aid to Jordan

The Clinton administration will soon seek to release \$50 million in assistance funds to Jordan Assistant Secretary of State for Near Eastern Affairs Edward Djerejian said Monday.

Mr. Djerejian, discussing the Middle East peace process and U.S. assistance programme for the region with the House of Representatives Appropriations Committee's subcommittee on Foreign Operations, paid tribute to the democratisation process

under way in Jordan. He also said Jordan was enforcing the sanctions against Iraq with utmost vigour.

Mr. Djerejian also reviewed the outcome of the recent visit to the Middle East by Secretary of State Warren Christopher. In Jordan, Mr. Djerejian said:

"In Amman, the secretary noted substantial progress towards democratisation and King Hussein's commitment to protection of human rights. Jordan is taking concrete steps towards economic reform and a strengthened free market economy. Of course, Jordan has been a key participant in the peace process and we look forward to its continued positive role. King Hussein also assured the secretary that Jordan would continue to adhere to U.N. sanctions against

iraq.
"To support Jordan's positive role in the peace process and its adherence to U.N. sanctions, we will recommend soon to the secretary that he release the remaining \$50 million in fiscal year 1992 security assistance funds. We will, of course, discuss our plans with you and other members of Congress before disburse-

BEIRUT (AP) - Prime Minister

Rafik Hariri's government, strug-

gling to restore control over the

country, Tuesday won a signifi-

cant victory when rival Shifte

Muslim militias surrendered

seven activists sought in a

An army communique said

three of the men belonged to the

Iranian-backed Hizbollah, and

four to the Syrian-supported

The army had threatened to

use force to arrest the seven

fugitives, who were among 18

Shiites involved in the shootout

Saturday, that challenged the

either been handed over to milit-

ary authorities or been arrested in

The other 11 wanted men had

government's authority.

weekend shootout.

Amal faction.

army raids.

The Clinton administration re- Lebanon of excess military equipmains committed to continuing "significant aid levels to Israel and Egypt," Mr. Djerejian said.

ment, the United States has

obtained assurances from the

Lebanese government and com-mander of the Lebanese Armed

Forces that strict accountability

In regards to assistance to Jor-

dan. Mr. Djerejian said "Jor-

dan's positive role in the peace

process and its adherence to U.N.

sanctions" against Iraq are "note-worthy." He praised Jordan for

enforcing the sanctions against

Iraq "with utmost rigor."
"Jordan needs our support,"

On the peace process, he said:

Since the eighth round of bi-

laterals adjourned in mid-

December, there has been a

hiatus in the negotiations. Presi-

dent Clinton sent Secretary

Christopher to the Middle East

last month not only to reenergise

and reactivate the peace talks,

but also to assess the determina-

tion and commitment of the par-

ties to the goal of a negotiated

especially wanted to emphasise

the commitment of the United

States to a full partnership role in

this complex and difficult pro-

cess, if, and this is important, the

parties come to the table pre-

pared to engage in serious and

meaningful negotiations in order

"Much work needs to be done.

to narrow the substantive differ-

Not only are the substantive posi-

tions between the parties still far

apart, but the political environ-

ment has been made more diffi-

cult by the resurgence of violence

directed against Israel by terror-

ists and by the deportation of

the country's largest since sect.

peace treaty arranged by Syria and Iran. But ideological differ-

ences still run deep and a resurg-

ence of the intra-Shiite conflict

would seriously undermine the

Arab League-brokered agree-

ment that ended the civil was and

erode the credibility of Mr.

Hariri's government. For Mr. Hariri, reestablishing

firm government control of the

southern slums has significance

stronghold, are widely seen

abroad as a haven for suicide

carbombers and hostage takers.

ity there is vital to Mr. Hariri's

efforts to show that Lebanon is

no longer a terrorist sanctuary

fand to encourage badly needed

Restoring government author-

The slums, long a Hizbollah

far beyond domestic politics.

Two years ago, they signed a

ences between them.

The president and secretary

Mr. Djerejian stressed.

for all material will be provided,

"Both President Clinton and Secretary Christopher have gone on record regarding the importance of continuing aid to Israel and Egypt at current levels," Mr. Djerejian said.
"We remain steadfast in our

commitment to direct substantial foreign aid resources to the security of Israel, to support for Egypt's vital role in the stability and security to the region, and to the promotion of comprehensive and lasting peace in the Middle East," he stressed.

Mr. Djerejian noted that "because of declining overall levels," assistance programme to Egypt and Israel "have grown from 70 per cent of total U.S. security assistance in the late 1980s to almost 85 per cent in fiscal year

Mr. Djerejian asked the Congress to support the resumption "accepting a number of Lebanese officers and enlisted personnel for training" in the United States. "A key to the extension of government authority throughout the country is the maintenance of strong Lebanese Armed Forces." he said.

Several members of the subcommittee questioned whether U.S. aid to Lebanon would eventually end up in "Syrian hands." "In no way, in our assessment, is money going to any third country. It's going to Lebanon, and s going to very viable purposes to support our policy of helping

its armed forces...," Mr. Djereiian said. In terms of the provision to Hamas activists.

Mr. Hariri sent the army into

the south Beirut slums last De-

cember, the first time in a decade

that the government had even

tried to assert its control there.

High-profile demonstrations of

its authority are crucial to show

that the government will not

October 1990, the government has

disarmed all the major militias

Since the end of the civil war in

The Tehran-backed movement

refuses to hand over its weapons,

claiming it needs them to fight the

Israelis who occupy a border strip

in South Lebanon — an argument

the Beirut government finds it

Saturday's firefight erupted out

of an argument between Hizbol-

lah and Amal activists. The two

Militias surrender 7 to Lebanese army

tolerate dissent.

except Hizbollah.

difficult to counter.

It was not clear that the army movements fought each other be-

Lebanon restructure its economy,

Muslim leader who threatened Rushdie will not be prosecuted

LONDON (AP) - Government lawyers have decided not to prosecute a prominent British Muslim who in a radio interview about Salman Rushdie threatened: "We will ...break every bone in his body.

Announcing the decision not to prosecute Kalim Siddiqui, the lord chancellor, Lord MacKay, the head of the judiciary, Monday told the House of Lords, the unelected upper house of parlia-

"The crown prosecution service ... has concluded that the contents (of the interview) taken as a whole are not such as would afford a realistic prospect of conviction for incitement to munder or any other offense.'

Mr. Siddiqui is leader of the Muslim Parliament, an unelected organisation he set up last year to defend Islamic interests in Britain. Moderate British Muslims say it is unrepresentative and British politicians have denounced it as separatist.

Mr. Siddiqui backed the late Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini when the Iranian spiritual leader called on Feb. 14. 1989 for Muslims to kill Mr. Rushdie for his novel The Satanic Verses."

Mr. Rushdie, who was born in India but took British nationality, has been in hiding guarded by armed British police since Ayatollah Khomeini issued his death

Mr. Siddiqui said in the interview with the London Broadcasting Company (LBC) last month: "I don't want to kill him. We will just break every bone in his body." But Mr. Siddiqui said afterwards that his remark was not meant literally.

Several members of the

lords criticised the decision not to prosecute Mr. Siddi-

Lord Cledwyn, a member of the opposition Labour Party and a former cabinet minister, said: "If a Christian behaved in a Muslim country as Dr. Siddigui has behaved here, he would find himself in serious trouble.

There are an estimated two million Muslims in Britain. Avatollah Khomeini issued his death call after Muslims in Bradford, a city in northern England with a large immigrant Asian population. burned "The Satanic Verses" in a demonstration against

Iraq demands U.S. stop spy plane flights

NICOSIA (AP) — Iraq Monday demanded that the United States stop flying U-2 spy plane missions over its territory and claimed they were used to help an Israeli hit squad that was trying to assassinate Saddam Hussein.

The official Iraqi-News Agency (INA), monitored in Cyprus, said the demand was contained in a message sent by Foreign Minister Mohammad Saced Al Sahhaf to U.N. Secretary General Boutros

He told Mr. Ghali that the United Nations ought to stop the flights "because these planes are being used for purposes other than those the Security Council

actly how the American spy planes had helped the Israelis Neither Israel nor the United States military had any immediate comment.

The spy planes, flying at high altitude from bases in Turkey, have flown over Iraq since the end of the Gulf war in virtually daily missions aimed at ensuring Baghdad's compliance with the

Mr. Sahhaf alluded to British press reports that an Israeli hit squad operated in Iraq during the Gulf war and was preparing an operation to assassmate President Saddam.

This week's edition of the Lon-

Mr. Sahhaf did not specify ex-ctly how the American spy ported that Israeli intelligence operated in western Iraq during the Gulf war, trying to spot Scud missiles aimed at Israel.

The newspaper's front-page story also said the five Israeli soldiers killed by a stray missile during a training exercise as recently as November 1992 were rehearsing to assassinate President Saddam.

Previous reports have said the soldiers were training to kill Hassan Nasrallah, the leader of the Lebanese Shiite Muslim fundamentalist group Hizbollah. The Israeli soldiers involved in

both the assassination plot against President Saddam and the

to Sayeret Matkal, a branch of military intelligence specialisms in reconnaissance missions be in reconnaissance in assorts dely hind enemy lines. The Sunday, Times said. The report was based. on unnamed sources.

Mr. Sahhaf said the U-2 flights. "threaten the sovereignty and security of Iraq." He pointed out that his government already had sent 59 letters to Mr. Ghali complaining of 118 "violations of ". traci airspace" by the American spy planes.

53

It was the first time any connection has been alleged between the U-2 overflights and the reported Israeli operation aimed at killing President Saddam.

Former CIA director says Iran could have nuclear arms by 2000

LONDON (AP) — Iran could acquire nuclear weapons by the year 2000 or even sooner, former Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) Director Robert Gates said in an interview broadcast Monday night.

He said the United States had "sufficient evidence" that Iran was pursuing a nuclear weapons programme - not a peaceful nuclear power programme as Dr. Reza Amrollahi, head of Iran's Atomic Energy Organisation, claimed.

The nuclear reactor which Iran is buying from China is geared for production of plutonium, not nuclear power, "and this is what is of concern to us," he said.

Mr. Gates appeared on BBC Television's Panorama programme, which visited a number of countries including Iran, Kazakh-stan, Hungary and Germany to examine Tehran's arms build-up following its eight-year conflict with Iraq and the Gulf war. "What is of concern is Iran's

determination to pursue weapons of mass destruction in all categories — biological weapons, chemical weapons, nuclear weapons and also the missiles to develop them," the former CIA chief said.

Asked when Iran could acquire nuclear weapons, Mr. Gates said a reasonable estimate would be "by the end of this decade:". But if Tehran receives "signifi-

cant external support, particularly the acquisition on (nuclear) material from other countries, he said, "I would shorten that time."

said he believes the Iranians have from Iraq.
"Iran, in many ways, is like

Iraq at the early stages of the Iraqi programme. That is a shop 'til you drop strategy essentially. Trying to acquire technical skills,

facturing capability on as broad a front as possible," he said. Unidentified Western intelli-

saying an Iranian delegation bought 100 tonnes of slightly enriched uranium pellets and the rare metal beryllium, a vital component in nuclear weapons, from the Ustkamenogorsk plant in Kazakhstan.

Factory managers refused to ppear on camera and denied a deal had been struck during the visit last August, the BBC said.

Iran also bought more than £2 million (\$2.9 million) of equipment from the Hungarian firm, Lampart, which makes glass enamel-lined reactors, according to the BBC.

The BBC said these reactors are capable of handling the potent chemical reactions employed in the manufacture of mustard gas and nerve agents. But Lampart's commercial director, identified only as Mrs. Fonyabi, said the equipment was "not correct" for chemical weapons.

Mr. Gates said the United States does have evidence of an Iranian chemical weapons prog-

Tehran's programme, he said, "includes choking, blister and blood agents in the chemical weapons arena. The estimates of their stockpile range from a few hundred tonnes to up to 2,000 tonnes of chemical stockpile." Like Iraq, the BBC said, Iran

has purchased dual-use technology from Germany. The Sharif University of Technology and other Iranian institu-David Kay, who headed a tions approached several Ger-

U.N. inspection team in Iraq, many firms in an attempt to buy specialised magnets used in cenlearned some valuable lessons trifuges including Magnetfabrik from Iraq. trifuges including Magnetfabrik of Bonn, the BBC said. Magnetfabrik confirmed an order to Iran but refused to say

what it was for, the BBC said.

The German engineering firm

balancing machine to Sharif University after it was told it was for gence sources were quoted as educational purposes, the BBC Dr. Kay said these three items

would be key elements in a centrifuge process, the most modern way to enrich uranium to weapons-grade. If anyone concerned about

nuclear proliferation heard this list, he said, "their eyes would light up and the hair would literally stand on the back of your

The Iranians have been thwarted in two attempted purch-

Last month, U.S. officials stopped the shipment of an IBM ES 9000 computer, which can be used in the manufacture of nuclear devices and defence planning. In 1991, Britain refused to issue an export license for 45 cylinders of florine gas, which can be used to enrich uranium.

Algerian troops kill 6 militants

ALGIERS (R) — Algerian spe-cial forces killed six Muslim fundamentalists in a shootout at a mountain farm, the para-military gendarmerie said on Tuesday. Three of the nine-man group escaped, the force added.

It gave no time for the shootout

but said: "Identification of the six corpses is now being carried out." The nine men came from the

Blida-Medea area, a known fundamentalist region which, like the capital, Algiers, is under night curfew. "The group of terrorists withdrew ... to the Sidi Bel-Abbes region ... and was intercepted by

a special unit of the army in a farm at Azbar Allal, 15 kilometres northeast of Djebel (mount) Tessala where it took

Washington welcomes Afghan peace pact

WASHINGTON (R) — The Un ited States Monday welcomed peace accord in Afghanistan that t said was a move towards broad-based government, even though the agreement elevates to prime minister a bardline fundamentalist Washington has considered an extremist.

All the warring Afghan leaders: signed a peace accord in Pakistan-Sunday to end the months of fighting that has killed thousands in Kabul since last April, when the Mujahedeen overthrew the former communist government.

Under the agreement, fun-damentalist President Burhanuddin Rabbani remains head of state for 18 months from last December, the date of his election by an assembly of nationwide representatives. The radical Hezb-e-Islami par-

ty formally announced its hardline leader Gulbuddin Hekmatvar, Mr. Rabbani's arch enemy, would take up the position of prime minister. "We welcome any signs of

progress. We always supported the establishment of a broadbased government in Afghanistan that can bring peace to that area," State Department spokesman Richard Boucher told repor-

He called the peace accord "a positive step forward" but added that "we also look for the establishment of a broad-based government that can really solve the differences.

Asked to comment about Mr. Hekmatyar getting the prime minister's post, Mr. Boucher

"I don't think I want to com-. ment on particular individuals. but, as said, the more broad the representation and support for a --government can be, the more ikely it is to be able to resolve the fighting and the conflict out there.`

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In the 1980s, Mr. Hekmatyar's group received a large portion of the millions of dollars in U.S. aid that was funnelled through Pakistan to the Mujahedeen fighting what was then the Soviet-backed regime in Kabul. But he was increasingly viewed.

as a radical who was opposed to the United States. During the 1991 Gulf war, Mr. Hekmatyar backed Iraqi President Saddam

Asked if the new Clinton administration viewed Mr. Hekmatyar

as the extremist he was consi-!dered to be by the Bush administration, Mr. Boucher said:

ment and the way they go forward is up to the Afghans to decide. I think when Hekmatyar had unleashed fighting against the capital, we've been clear to criticise that, and we have urged him and others to participate in the government to resolve these differences and to bring peace to". Afghanistan. So that continues to be the position of the United

Beirut (ME)
..... Cairo (MS)
..... Sanaa (IY)
..... Jeddah (SU)

investment from outside to help planned to do with those tween 1987 and 1990 for control Leybold supplied a vaccum pump apprehended. of Lebanon's 1.2 million Shiites, post-war reconstruction. training, technology and manuto a university in Tehran and the Weizman, hawk-turned dove, likely to be next Israeli president

By Eileen Alt Powell The Associated Press

TEL AVIV - Ezer Weizman, a man known for his sharp tongue, has been holding it lately.

The one-time hawk, in recent

years an outspoken advocate of negotiating peace with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), is expected to be elected Israel's seventh president later this month.

The job is largely ceremonial but Mr. Weizman's selection is seen as underscoring Israel's efforts towards peace with its Arab neighbours. In the run-up to the March 24

vote, Mr. Weizman has taken a vow of silence on political issues. perhaps feeling his slangy one liners would not match the dignity of the office.

something off the cuff. No more. You can wait all you want," he

recently teased reporters. He told the Associated Press. 'I'm not talking to anyone until after the election."

Parliament elects the president, and Mr. Weizman is the governing Labour Party's candidate. His election seems assured by a deal in which Labour backed the religious Shas party's nominee for chief rabbi last month in return for Shas' votes for Mr. Weizman.

The opposition Likud Party is running Bov Shilansky, a former parliament speaker. The fiveyear presidential term begins May 13.

The 68-year-old Weizman will be following in family footsteps as his late uncle Chaim Weizmann was the country's first president. Asked why his family's sur-

Terrasanta Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Annunciation Tel.

Anglican Church Tcl. 630851. Tel. 628543.

dons, receives diplomats' credentials and represents the country at ceremonies. The head of government is the prime minister.

But the president can help set the tone of government. The current president, Chaim Herzog, is remembered for pardoning members of a Jewish underground cell that attacked Palestinians. Nahum Barnea, a political columnist for the Hebrew daily

choice of Mr. Weizman reflects a new mood in Israel. "There is a change in the Israeli mainstream - more openness, more willingness to compromise with the Palestinians." Mr. Barnea said.

Yedioth Ahronoth, thinks the

Dr. Ahmad Tibi, an Israeli



and the leaders of the Arab World," said Dr. Tibi. The election marks a political comeback in a stormy career that saw Mr. Weizman switich from helped found Israel's air force and was its commander during the 1967 Middle East war.

In 1977, he led the Likud election campaign that brought hard-liner Menachem Begin to power. As defence minister, Mr. Weizman helped negotiate peace with Egypt. The friendship he formed with the late Egyptian President Anwar Sadat was said to be key to the 1979 peace agreement.

Then Mr. Weizman quit Mr. Begin's government in 1980 when it did not fulfill its promise of autonomy for Palestinians in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.
Many attribute his political

shift to the hurt he felt over his only son, Shaul, who never fully recovered from wounds suffered in the early 1970s war of attrition with Egypt. Shaul died in an auto accident in 1991.

Mr. Weizman and his wife,

Reuma, also have a daughter. Michal. Also a Labour government

minister, Mr. Weizman was forced out of the decision-making "inner cabinet" in 1990 for reported contacts with the PLO. In February 1992, he resigned from the government and politics, saying, "I no longer feel I can contribute." He was emotional about his

comeback on the night of his nomination for president. "I am glad. I am satisfied," he told reporters, his voice cracking.

Then added with characteristic humour: "I'm not really overcome with emotion. I just ran up the stairs so of course my voice is breaking."

Pollowing are some of the comments by Mr. Weizman:

— "Nothing contributes more to defence than peace. Let's try to talk to Arafat. We have one of the best air forces in the world.

the world. What the hell are we worried about?" - About shifting from hawk to

"I still call myself a hawk. A dove dills and coos, fluttering about in hesitation and uncertainty, while a hawk swoops down. seizes the initiative and takes advantage of changing situations to suit his cause." - On his nomination to the presidency, held from 1949-52 by

"I would have died to know what my uncle would have thought of me tonight. And if not my uncle, then at least my aunt. — On his family name spelled differently from Weizmann, whose family emigrated from the Soviet Union:

his uncle, Chaim Weizmann:

"My father decided one 'N' was good enough for us. Anyway, I think he thought it sounded too German."

the hardline Likud to the leftname is spelled differently, Mr. Arab friend of Mr. Weizman, "I bet you expect me to say Weizman cracked: "My father believes his election will send a decided one 'N' was good enough strong signal to Arab states. "He Born in Tel Aviv in 1924, Mr. has ...the respect of the people Weizman was a pilot in the Brit-

Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME TWO 18:00 S2 Sur La Une 19:00 News in French 19:15 Classical Music News in Hebrew 20:30 News in Arabic 20:30 Saved by the Bel 21:00 Spotlight 21:30 After us the Deluge

JORDAN TELEVISION

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17:43 Maghreb

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De la Salle Church Tel. 661757

Catholic Church Tel. an Orthodox Church Tel. 775261. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751.

Amson International Church Tel. Evangelical Latheran Church Tel: News in English
Noble House The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saists Tel. 823824, 654932. Church of the Nazaruse Tel. 675691.

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

It will be partly cloudy and winds will be westerly moderate to fresh. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moder-

Min /Max, temp. 5/13 Aqaba 10 /23 Amman 28 per cent. Aquba 30 per **USEFUL TELEPHONE**

NUMBERS

NIGHT DUTY

AMMAN: Dr. Ramzi Mizzawi ... Dr. Salman Daboubi oud Al Ahbadi 778959 Dr. Mahmoud Al Hindi 898787 First pharmacy Fordows pharmacy . 778336 Al Asema pharma Al Salam pharmacy . 636730 Yacoub pharmacy ... Shincisani pharmacy 637660

Nairoujh pharmacy 623672 Najib pharmacy TRRITE: Dr. Ayman Sheikh Al Quds pharmacy ZARQA: Dr. Wael Abu Zeid

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. 630341 Rescue 630341
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Rescue Police 192, 621111, 63777 Highway Police Traffic Police Public Security Department .
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Price Complaints Water and Sewerage Complaints..... 897467 787111 Telephone Information (directory assistance) Central Amman Telephone 623101 773111 Radio Jordan .. 774111 . 680100 . 815615 Jordan Electricity Authority ...

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Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn ... 64281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Amn ... 642441/2 Jabal Amman Maternity 642362 Malhas, J. Amman Palestine, Shmeisani Shmeisani Hospital 664171/4 . 669131 . 667227/9 6641648 Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich Army.§Marka 891611/15 Oncen Alia Hospital 607240/50 Zarqa Govt. Hospital Zarqa National Hospital , Ibn Sina Hospital Al Hikan Modera Hospital ... Rikan: (09)983323 (09)900560 (09)986732 Princess Rusma Hospital Greek Catholic Hospital Ibn Al Nafees Hospital

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AQARA: Princess Haya Hospital(03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA **INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT**

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Oneen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified. ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

(Terminal 1) Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ) 99:00 99:15 ... Jeddah (RI) Agaba (RI) Lamaca (RI) ... Aden (RJ) London (RJ) 16:35 Frankfort (R.I New York, Amsterdam (RJ) 17:90 17:30 .. Brussels, Paris (RJ) Rome (RI) Other Flights (Terminal 2)

----- Cairo (MS) ----- Jeddah (SU) DEPARTURES

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) - Aqaba (RJ) -- Rome (RJ)

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MARKET PRICES

fligh Queen tours child Centre in Hanover AMMAN (J.T.) — Her Majesty Queen Noor Monday visited the Pergamon Museum in eastern Berlin, where the Mushatta Output Description Mahmoud Balqaz, Present reception were 400 guests, which were recognised for

AMMAN (J.T.) - Her Majesty Jordanian Airlines CEO facade is exhibited among other

The Queen was received by the president of the Foundation of Prussian Cultural Heritage and was guided through the tour by director of the Museum fo

A CHARLEST DELLA Accompanying the Queen on her tour were Jordanian and German officials.

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Later in the day Her Majesty visited the Jordanian pavilion at the International Tourism Exchange, as well as other Arab

In the evening the Queen attended a Jordanian reception hosted by minister of Tourism Yanal Hikmat and by Royal

Mahmoud Baiqaz. Present at the reception were 400 guests. 15 of which were recognised for their exceptional efforts in promoting tourism to Jordan.

On Tuesday Her Majesty arrived in Hanover, where she met with the wife of Lower Saxony's prime minister and with the mayor of Hanover. During her visit, the Queen toured the Brucke Zur Welt School (Bridges to the World), a child rehabilitation school for the deaf and the

In the evening, the Queen attended the 30th anniversary reception of the German-Jordanian Society. She commended the society for its ongoing efforts in promoting German-Jordanian understanding and cooperation and wished the members success in their future endeavours.



Munir Bashir performs tonight at the RCC

By Jean-Claude Elias

Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN — Ammanites, and more particularly music lovers, are being treated to an exceptional week, featuring three high quality concerts, with an obvious programme peak Wednesday, Feb. 10, when Iraqi oud master Munir Bashir will perform at the 8:30 p.m.

The series started Monday with Al Kindi group and will end Saturday with Agnes Bashir in a piano recital. The concerts are presented by the National Music Conservatory of Noor Al Hussein Foundation (NHF).

Munir Bashir is much more than just an extremely talented performer and virtuoso. He is even more than a great musician. he is a great man.

Philosophers would rightfully argue that one has to be a great man in order to be a great musi-

Mr. Bashir recently received, along with former U.S. Attorney General Ramsey Clarke, the prestigious "Cultural Communication between North and South award, established by the Moroccan scholar, Mehdi Al Manjara, and based on the study of more than 71 international organisa-

As a player of the oud, Mr. Bashir has taken his technique to incredible limits, working on details that very few performers

care about nowadays. His interpretations reveal a superior form of sensitivity and expression, Mr. Bashir's music has implications that reach

beyond even music itself. His recordings and performances have been found to have healing properties and some specialists in California are seriously

using them in musicotherapy. Mr. Bashir's playing is based on his unique improvisational structure. He never plays exactly the same thing twice. Instead of rigid mustic scores, he creates an atmosphere, which he builds gra-

dually and smoothly.

Mr. Bashir has the widest and most open concept of music, taken in its universal understanding. He has played with wellknown Western ensembles, improvising on Bach's music for inst-

His latest recording "The Roots of Flamenco" is a huge

success. In it, the master manages to recreate the famous Spanish mood, while maintaining a true respect for the oriental forms. The result is pure and beautiful

His next project might be a work on the roots of reggae. He has also performed with the famous German jazz musician Royal Cultural Centre (RCC) at Mangelsdorf, confirming that imorovisation is common to both his music and jazz.

> In his hotel room in Amman, Mr. Bashir explained to the Jordan Times how important it is for musicians to be truly and honestly dedicated to their art and not to be lured by its commercial and say that "a musician, even a cultured on, unless he is organically attached to his art, is dangerous to the society he lives

Mr. Bashir believes that the Arab society doesn't have enough respect for musicians, a state of affairs which has led to the de-

cline of authentic Arabic music. Master Bashir holds numerous positions such as Artistic Advisor to the Iraqi Ministry of Culture and Information, secretary general of the Arab Music Academy, Arab League and vice chairman of the International Music Council, UNESCO to name only a

He has also received prestigious awards among them the Order of Independence from His Majesty King Hussein.

Mr. Bashir's technical superiority, his philosophic approach to any musical subject, his openmind to any style from any country, and his international fame and influence whether in the East or in the West, put him in a unique and privileged position that no other musician has ever enjoyed or had the responsibility

At Wednesday's concert, the master will be accompanied on some pieces, by the qanoun's --Arabic cithar - virtuoso, Julien Jalal Eddin Weiss.

Mr. Weiss, a French-Swiss who adopted the Arabic instrument and music, gave a beautiful con-cert with his Al Kindi ensemble Monday at the RCC. They filled the main theatre with an audience delighted to hear authentic and traditional Arabic music, performed by exceptionally talented

HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

Crown Prince condoles Sawalha family

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Tuesday delegated Deputy Director of his office Abdullah Kanaan to convey his condolences to the Sawalha family on the death of Hanna Khalil Sawalha.

WHAT'S GOING ON

EXHIBITIONS

Exhibition of handicrafts by Jordanian artist Dana Ahmad Khreis at the Royal Cultural Centre.

☆ Exhibition entitled "The Present Islamic World in Photos and

News" at the Jordan University of Science and Technology

Activists consider how to get women into Parliament

By Sausan Ghosheh Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — As the date for parliamentary elections nears, advocates of women's issues are pondering ways and means that would advance women's chances of getting into Jordan's 12th Par-

One idea that has been floated recently is granting women a quota share of seats in the Lower House. While proponents of the quota system describe it as a positive action, its opponents say that it would be undemocratic.

The quota system grants a number of positions for a certain group of people who otherwise will be discriminated against. It is incorporated in Jordan's Election Law. in order to ensure that minority groups such as Christians and Circassians are represented in Parliament.

According to the law, there are six seats for Christians, two for Circassians and one for

Although women, theoretically, can take all the seats in Parliament, the current Parliament does not include a single woman. Advocates of the quota system ask, if it is used to ensure that minorities participate in the decision-making process, shouldn't it also be used to accord women a share in that process?

"Although women are not a minority, they are at a political

disadvantage" says Arwa Al-Amiri, president of the Centre for Women's Studies.

Many Jordanians still perceive woman's place is in the home. Even though women are increasingly becoming more visible in the public arena, they still only occupy lower level positions with few exceptions.

Eight women ran in the 1989 parliamentary elections, but none of them won. The eight ran as independents, and their campaigns were not supported by any party, society or women's organisations.

Furthermore, these women were attacked for emphasising women's concerns and their issues were belittled.

Emily Nafa, a political bureau member in the Jordanian Communist Party (JCP), explained that her party viewed the previous elections as an opportunity to advertise itself and decided to focus on the "political issues." According to Suhair Al Tal,

researcher and writer on women sues, many of the parties who describe themselves as "progressive" decided to increase their chances of winning by nominating men rather than implementing their programme and nominating several of women. Ms. Tal believes that the role

of women in the 1989 elections was extremely weak. First, she said only a small number of women ran for elections. Second, women were not aware of their

All the members of the 80-seat Lower House of Parliament are

rights and their voting patterns weakening the civil status laws portray that the majority of them associated with women. portray that the majority of them did not enjoy independent thought and voted only for "their fathers', brothers' or husbands' candidates.'

This, she maintained, has "resulted in the majority in Parliament being unsupportive of women's issues."

Women activists believe that by entering Parliament women can defend their rights and participate in making the decisions that affect their lives. They accuse the current Parliament of neglecting women's issues and

Critics of the quota system say that it is undemocratic. They

believe that allocating seats in Parliament for women will deprive those men who are more qualified.

But feminists argue that there are women who are more qualified than men in Parliament. In addition, they say, the presence of women in the public arena will increase women's political, social and economical skills.

Women cannot develop while they are isolated from the public

Chairman of the Islamic Action Front (IAF), Ishak Al Farhan siad he opposes the quota system because he perceives men and women as equals. He added that the inactment of the quota will

portray women as inferior to Ms. Tal disagrees. She said equality between men and women in accordance with existing laws is only "theoretical" and in reality discrimination

against women is prevalent. Some liberal women oppose the quota system fearing it will place mainly conservative women in Parliament, who, according to them, will sign away the remaining rights of women in Jordan. Dr. Amiri believes that "this is

not a good reason" to oppose the quota, and asks, should "the Pariament, as a whole, be abolished because conservatives are going to take the majority of the

Ms. Tal predicts that conservative women will be the first women in Parliament whether the quota is enacted or not. This, she perceives as beneficial to the omen's movement because the public will become accustomed to seeing women in such positions and thus will allow "in the long run, for more liberal women in

Awareness Party chairman, Abdul Raouf Rawabdeh, himself a deputy, believes the quota system will only benefit a minority of

the public arena." He said this representation of women will be 'a fake one" since women will be ensured a place in Parliament by law, not by the choice of the people.

With no change to the present election law in the offing, the question remains whether women can reach Parliament without the

quota system? Many researchers of women's issues doubt that this is possible. They believe that one or two conservative women may be successful in achieving this goal, but theirs will be purely taken positions, serving to give the party that nominated them a liberal image or to attract women voters to that party.

None of the parties contacted by the Jordan Times indicated that they were planning to nominate a female member in the coming elections.

Women activists insist that government intervention is needed in order to help women reach Parliament, pointing out that it was only by a Royal Decree that women acquired political rights. or were appointed as ministers or senators.

Quota system supporters who spoke to the Jordan Times see it as a temporary process until society changes and women become incorporated in all aspects of life: until the public votes on issues without considering if the candidate is a man or a woman.

discrimination By Sa'eda Kilani

Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN — Women speakers this week criticised existing social values and laws as discriminating against women and called, in a lecture held at Abdul Hamid Shoman Foundation Sunday, for a continued struggle and more balanced legislation that would guarantee women their fundamental rights.

In presenting an overall view of Jordanian women's struggle to upgrade their status, Suhair Al Tal, a prominent Jordanian writer, did not forget to mention that it was by a Royal Decree that the Jordanian Women's Union (JWU) came into existence (1954) as was the woman's right to vote and to stand for elections (1974) — the turning points in Jordanian women's history.

"It is true that formal governmental initiatives were behind women's achievements in Jordan," Ms. Tal said, adding that what the Jordanian women's over females. movement is suffering from at present is partly attributed to women themselves who did not

change.
"The Jordanian women's strugraise awareness among women of their rights," she said. "Women said.

Ms. Tal attributed this failure to dominant perceptions of women's role in society that are usually based upon a traditional, tribal or patriarchal-style of thinking.

Public Security Department (PSD) statistics regarding, for example, the incidents of wifebeatings or honour crimes show that these occurrences continue and at a large scale, Ms. Tal was quick to point out.

Parents are still disappointed when a girl is born and jubilant at the birth of a son.

School textbooks continue to portary women as housewives or as weak creatures who need the aid of "strong" men to rescue them from dangers or critical

In poor families, femals members often sacrifice their chance of acquiring a proper education to their brothers. Male applicants for scholarships are favoured

In the workplace, not only do women take lesser wages than men for similar jobs, but factors or pregnancy often stand as alibis for arbitrary dismissal: "In addi-

At the political level, women are for the most part, excluded from posts which would ensure their participation in decision-

Even the right to vote is still not fully exercised, Ms. Tal maintained that women's voting is largely dependent upon the desire of the tribe's sheikh or the head of the family. Their lack of representation in

the recently established political parties shows yet another sign of their absence in the political are-

"Women were only remembered at the last minute to complete the numbers required for licencing," Ms. Tal said.

Although Article six in the Jordanian Constitution clearly stipulates that there is no discrimination among Jordanians, discrimination is institutionalised in many laws which directly or indirectly affect the rights of women in Jordan, as attorney, Fatima Qassad, said in the lec-

In the Passports Law, for example, Article, 12 says that the women," she pointed out. "Laws obtain an individual passport after the approval of the husband agreement on banning all sorts of

discrimination against women which stipulates that all measures be adopted to ensure that women enjoy the same rights as men.

Violation of women's rights is reflected basically in the Civil Status Law, derived essentially from the Islamic Shari'a (Islamic law), "and which can therefore be amended," she said. "How come the woman is cons-

idered fully eligible in the civil and commercial laws which give her the right to conduct contracts while she must have the approval of a guardian when signing the marriage contract?", Ms. Qassad questioned.

A participant commented that men also suffer from major gaps in the law. He critisised women's activities (lectures and meetings) as being "but a simple show where women come to socialise and where lecturers know nothing.

"It is true that social justice is absent for men and women alike," said Ms. Oassad in re-

But "injustice is doubled for are not a magic stick that would change things overnight, but they give a helping hand to acquire basic rights. This is not a social luxury, but it is part of our struggle to achieve social justice."

Jerusalem Day Committee

Chairman Subhi Ghosheh told

the Jordan Times that Beth-

ehem, Najah and Birzeit Univer-

courses

63.3% of deputies to run in November elections — survey

By Atallah Huneiti

AMMAN — A survey conducted by the Jordan News Agency, Petra, last month revealed that 63.3 per cent of the members of the Lower House of Parliament will run for the next general elections scheduled for this November, and that the rest are still undecided.

A total of 60 out of 80 deputies participated in the survey, giving their views about their nomination for elections and other

Among the participants were 18 deputies from Amman, 36 from the other governorates, and six deputies representing badia constituencies

The survey included questions on such topics as the deputies' with Israel, the duties of the Lower House of Parliament, political parties, the voting procedures, and attendance of Parliament sessions.

With regard to the peace process, the survey showed that only 38 per cent of the deputies supported the negotiations. On the democratisation process only five per cent said they considered it very successful and 35 per cent

said it was acceptable. Only 10 per cent of those sur-

performing its duty in an excellent manner; 46.7 per cent said the performance was good; and only 11.7 per cent believed that the political parties will determine the nature and representation in the next Parliament.

48.3 per cent of the deputies who plan to run in the November elections will raise the same slogans they raised in the 1989 elections, and 6.7 per cent have no intention of raising any slogan.

The survey also showed that

Only 23.3 per cent of the deputies covered in the survey believed that the present distribution of the parliamentary consti-

tuencies was sound and correct. The survey also revealed that 1.7 per cent of the deputies believe that the Jordanian public has absolute trust in Parliament. and 10 per cent believed that attitude vis-a-vis the democratic Parliament's views had influnced the Jordanian p decision-making process.

At least 45 per cent of the surveyed deputies voiced their willingness to assume ministerial posts and 35 per cent said they demand that the three authorities - legislative, judiciary and ex-

ecutive — be totally separated. A total of 3.3 per cent believed that the government information services and the media do cooperate with Parliament in an excellent manner and 30 per cent believed that such cooperation is

veyed said the Lower House was below the acceptable level. Ministry to take census of handicapped children

try of Social Development is preparing a list of handicapped children through the help of a special questionnaire distributed in different parts of the country. Director of the Special Education Department at the Ministry of Social Development Amal Nahhas said the questionnaire will also aim at providing help to these children and at a later stage give them a proper education, vocational training and employment.

Mrs. Nahhas said that 5,000 handicapped children have been registered with the ministry to

She added that the handicapped have been receiving training for the past years, and said that handicapped children are given education and training at special classes at schools run by the Ministry of Education.

These centres of schools provide training according to set programmes designed to rehabilitate the handicapped in a manner that would help them to adapt to

Exiles

Organisation official, Farouk Kaddoumi, was in Damascus Tuesday to push for a coordination meeting of the Arab parties. Syrian Foreign Minister

Administered by specialists, the centres also offer advice and instruction to parents of handicapped children, Mrs. Nahhas

The special education schools run by the ministry offer male and female handicapped children a choice of 15 trades which are in demand in the local labour market, she added.

To further facilitate the life of handicapped adults, the Ministry of Social Development has been arranging for their special cars to be exempt from customs duty. According to Mrs. Nahhas, 503 such vehicles have been ex-

empted to date. Currently, the Ministry of Social Development is implementing "an early diagnosis programme" to detect any disability among children. The prog-

ramme is being implemented under the supervision of the Ministry of Education in different government schools, Mrs. Nahhas said.

(Continued from page 1)

more Israel will lose and its real face would be disclosed to the world," Dr. Rantisi said, "The longer we stay here in these hills, the more our cause is served.' A senior Palestine Liberation

Farouk Al Sharaa said last month Syria would convene an Arab conference in Damascus to try to relaunch the Arab-Israeli negotiations.



gle throughout history proved its tion to the declared and underor the guardian." This article, failure to introduce change or clared calls for women to leave according to Ms. Qassad, is in work and stay at home," Ms. Tal flagrant contradiction to the

Meeting to design Jerusalem history AMMAN (J.T.) — Delegates representing Jordanian and Palestinian universities are gathering at the Amman Philadelphia Hotel Wednesday even-

ing for a symposium dedicated to the city of Jerusalem. The main topic in the discussion is formulating a unified curriculum on the history of the holy

city to be taught at Jordanian and

By a Jordan Times

Staff Reporter

AMMAN — A young girl who claimed to be the daughter of the

emir of Kuwait and duped several.

Jordanians is under investigation

after she was detained at one of

Amman's five-star hotels, in-

formed sources said Tuesday. She

could face trial on charges of

The girl was identified in a

Jordanian document as Sausan

Navef Salim Al Madi, 20, born in

Kuwait to Nayef Salim Al Madi, 48, a native of Nablus in the

occupied West Bank, the sources

Conflicting accounts of the

girl's activities and her approach

to sympathetic Jordanians

emerged Tuesday.
Police reports said the girl was

of Sudanese origin who had ac-quired Jordanian nationality. Hotel sources said, however, that

the girl was of fair complexion

unlike the dark features of

Plaza Hotel 12 days ago, and was

taken for questioning last Thurs-day shortly after she was reported

to have claimed to be a member

of the Kuwaiti royal family and

recounting bizarre stories to

One of her stories, as told to

the owner of a shop in the arcade

of the hotel, was that she was

living in fear of "Kuwaiti agents,"

who, she asserted, were after her

for having married a Jordanian

without her parents' consent.

according to the sources, who

those who came across her.

The girl checked into Amman

Sudanese.

fraud, the sources said.

Palestinian universities before Palestinian educational institupassing it on to the other Arab universities, according to the "Jerusalem Day" Committee

which is organising the meeting. The committee said the meeting is convened in implementation of resolutions passed by the third "Day of Jerusalem" conference held in Amman last October, calling on Jordanian and

The girl, who gave her name sometimes as "Bedour" and

sometimes "Afrah," claimed that

she was a daughter of Sheikh

Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah born

to a Spanish mother; and that she

had fied Kuwait to join her Jorda-

nian "husband," whom she iden-

tified as "Omar Hassan Al

Jaabari," since her marriage did

not have her parents' approval,

She also carried businesscards

identifying her as "Her Highness

Princess Afrah," daughter of

The "princess," who had

checked into the hotel under her

real name, wanted the shopkeep-

er to help her get in touch with

Jordanian security forces so that

she could explain the presence of

"three bodyguards" in her hotel

The girl was reported to have

told some of her other Jordanian

"acquaintances" that she was a

"prisoner" of her father in the

hotel and she wanted help to get

There was no immediate ex-

planation of how she managed to

make the story convincing since

she was moving around freely in

The shopkeeper, apparently

wishing the girl well, complied

with her request, but unwittingly

and out of the hotel.

preferred anonymity.

the sources said.

Sheikh Jaber.

tions to adopt a unified curricula on Jerusalem and to conduct research studies on the holy city.

It said that the agenda on

sities from the West Bank will be represented by two delegates each and the other universities in the occupied territories are unable to attend because they could not secure a permit to leave.

Wednesday also includes the question of publishing research work on Jerusalem and the pros-

pect of issuing a periodical presenting further research work ab-Kuwaiti 'princess' faces fraud charges

picture and detained her - the

girl produced her actual identity

card, which totally discredited her story since she was claiming that she had a Kuwaiti diplomatic passport. Furthermore hotel security men also came across a man who

could have been her actual father in her hotel room. "During a brief questioning the man produced his Jordanian ID card which identified him as Nayef Salim Al Madi, an automechanic, and he said he was

working in Kuwait," said one of the sources. "He left the hotel shortly thereafter and has not been seen in the hotel since then," added the source.

"The girl's elegant appearance and distinct Kuwaiti accent helped her a lot in convincing others of her story," said the source. "Sometimes she used to wear the typical Kuwaiti robes and she really looked like a royal-

Several Jordanians were apparently duped into giving her money and buying her clothes and expensive meals, according to the source. "Apparently she told them she was awaiting a bank transfer of \$50,000 which should reach her anytime. In the meantime she requested them for interim financial help."

blew the whistle on her by not "There was no problem with the hotel accounts as such," the only alerting hotel security but also the official security authorsource told the Jordan Times. "She used to make payments When hotel security men quesevery two days and her account tioned the girl on Wednesday was completely settled when she one day before police entered the was taken away for questioning."

The girl used to hire hotel taxis and tell the drivers that she could not pay their charges immediately since "the expected transfer of \$50,000 had not reached her "Some of the drivers — who

obviously believed her story of being a member of the Kuwaiti royal family — even offered to lend her money until the bank transfer reached her," said the source. At one point, "two elderly Jordanians also gave her money

— JD 1,000 in one case — and

also-took a trip to the airport to

receive her mother who never

turned up," according to the "One of the girl's Jordanian acquaintances telephoned someone known to him in the Kuwaiti royal family and was told that the family had no knowledge what-soever of such a 'princess'," said

the source. The Kuwaiti embassy in Amman said it had no comment on the affair.

The girl was reported to have told police after her arrest that she and her father were living in Kuwait and that she was 'assaulted" and deported from Kuwait following the Gulf war which liberated the emirate from a seven-month Iraqi occupation beginning August 1990.

The girl remained in detention Tuesday. It was not immediately known whether her father was located or whether her "husband" was also called in for questioning, if indeed such a person

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People are the final arbiter

THE LATEST peace agreement between Afghanistan's rebels and government declaring a truce before beginning the process of healing between them is a test not only for the sincerity of the warring factions to end their internecine fighting but also for the clout of several Muslim nations that pulled off the accord.

In addition to Pakistan, the architect of the original peace plan that culminated in powersharing among the various groups, both Saudi Arabia and Iran are now exercising influence not only on the principal rebel groups but also on the other splinter ones. Under the negotiated agreement arrived at in Islamabad Sunday, Afghan President Burhanuddin Rabbani and his archrival Gulbuddin Hekmatyar will share power and appoint a mutually acceptable cabinet in a manner that reflects the extent of the pulls and pushes of Riyadh, Tehran and Islamabad in the post Communist era Afghanistan.

What complicates the already complex formula for peace in the country is the existence of no less than 10 groups vying for power and influence in the running of the country prior to the adoption of the projected new constitution for the country.

This dimension of the conflict has yet to be put to the ultimate test. The other greater challenge comes from the people themselves. For despite the fact that the various Afghani leaders, who accepted and signed the ceasefire accord, have been summoned by Riyadh to swear allegiance to the peace plan at Islam's holiest shrine in Mecca, there is every reason to suspect that the agreement could unravel in the upcoming months unless the people of Afghanistan themselves are made the final arbiters of the military and political solution struck among their leaders.

Gone are the days when externally brokered peace agreements can be expected to hold when they are not put to a true democratic test at the level of the people. More than half a dozen ceasefire accords had been signed in the past in Afghanistan but failed because they were not arrived at with due consideration given to the wishes of the Afghani people themselves. If the latest peace efforts are to succeed permanently, there is going to be an urgent need to accelerate the process that would involve the people in its implementation. Translated into actual deeds, the people of Afghanistan must be afforded an early opportunity to elect a democratically chosen parliament on the basis of pluralism and national reconciliation.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

EVER SINCE the collapse of world Communism and the former Soviet blic, the Western media, particularly that in the United States, have been waging a hostile campaign against Islam, trying to depice the faith as the enemy of nations and the source of regional and international terrorism, said Sawt Al Shaab Arabic daily Tuesday. The paper said that the hostile media have been exploiting certain acts of violence committed by extremist factions whose actions are not in harmony with the Islamic faith and religious principles. It said that the U.S.-led campaign has been aimed at painting a very ugly picture of Islam to security and stability. The New York blast peace opened the appetite of this hostile media to launch attacks on the Muslims even though no conclusive evidence has been found that could pin this horrible action on Muslims, the paper pointed out. It said that Islam condemns terrorism and fights against it, but extremist groups could be exploiting Islam to carry out such atrocities. The paper expressed the view that the New York blast carries the hall mark of world Zionism, which has been spearheading the anti-Islam campaign around the world and running a hostile media against the Arab and Islam countries in general. Indeed, added the paper, this blast is now triggering a new Zionist-Western campaign designed to smear the name of Islam and the Arab and Muslim people around the world.

A COLUMNIST in Al Dustour said that the results of the trade union elections in Jordan can by no means reflect the actual political situation nor should they be considered as indicators of the outcome of the coming parliamentary elections. The rejoice of blocs whose members win such elections can only be described like the joy that overwhelms sports clubs when they win a championship but no more, said Mohammad Ibrahim Daoud. The writer said that most, if not all, the elections held by the Chambers of Commerce and Industry, professional unions and others had been influenced by traditional social and tribal considerations. Jordanians are not yet politically mature to discard the influence of relatives and tribes when casting ballots; and the democratic process is not deeply rooted in the minds of the majority of the electorate, claimed the writer. He said the coming general elections, like the trade unions elections, are bound to remain under the traditional influences. The long absence of political parties from the Jordanian political scene has had its deep effect on society, which lacks clear vision about political life and subsequently one can only conclude that such situation does not create an opportune climate for a real and drastic change in social thinking, the writer added.

Economic Forum

By Dr. Abdalla Malki

Economics of monopoly and tuition fees

THE SHOCKINGLY steep increase in tuition fees announced, or intended to be announced, by the New English School offers an interesting opportunity to evaluate the behaviour of the private sector in a deregulated market where the government does not fix prices. The evaluation will hold true even if the planned increase will be cancelled or adjusted.

The purported fees increase is around 30-60 per cent. Nothing justifies such a price hike, certainly not in a single year and particularly in Jordan. The prices of inputs that go into the educational process could not have risen by anything like that. The whole thing will take on a bizarre appearance if we remember that the price level in Jordan has just subsided to 4 per cent.

Good-intentioned persons will be easily tempted to invoke the traditions of free marketism to justify the exceptional fees rise. That would be a mistake: What we face here is an act that violates the spirit of free markets. It is a monopolistic situation. In a market economy, the buyer or consumer who does not like

the price or cannot afford it can switch to another producer who offers the goods or service under question at lower prices. As demand thus diminishes for his products, the first producer will cut the price to boost demand. This very basic part of the market mechanism is stalled in the present case of the New English

Students in, say, the fourth or seventh class who, or whose parents, do not like, or cannot afford, the new fee levels cannot quit the school. They simply have become accustomed to certain

norms in this school and they will not be easily incorporated, if they ever are, in other schools with different systems. In other words, they do not enjoy the freedom of choice which propels the market mechanism. This is monopoly.

The market economy tolerates all sorts of economic freedom but not monopolistic practices such as the one under discussion. If it acts to counteract this situation, the government will not be breaching free market teachings but will, on the contrary, be abiding by them. Monopoly itself is the worst form of economic

The government, under a market economy, is not a neutral force. The non-interventionist role it assumes is one bordered on each side by its duty to prevent anarchy, foul play, exploitation and monopoly. Such a role in only equally matched by its supervisory and disciplinary duties.

The sad event of propping up tuition fees by a wild 30-60 per cent in one gulp is additionally a reminder of the preparedness of certain private business to go very far after profits.

The fact that this is being done by an educational firm makes things much more troublesome. Education is not a luxury, certainly not up to the secondary level. It will be even sadder if the government opts not to intervene in this and similar conditions where there exists an abused conception of economic freedom, and irrespective of monopoly.

A sudden 30-60 per cent price rise is not justified by any



An effective peace enforcement mechanism

A U.N. command for military forces

By Frederick Bonnart

BRUSSELS - The need has now been recognised for an international military force to monitor and enforce any agreement that may be made between the war- in NATO, and arrangements

such a force has been declared by lar, would be an essential partthe United States and most of its ner, both from a political and a North Atlantic Treaty partners, as well as by Russia and several of the former neutral nations. So an adequate number of

forces from different countries is available. The missing requirement is a common command

Any peace agreement will leave disruption and economic dislocation in addition to the depredation caused by the fighting, nonulation shifts, terror and looting. Big stocks of weapons will remain in the hands of unruly gangs. Shortages of food, fuel and other essentials will encourage the rise of a black market and lawlessness. Whatever central

government arises will be weak. The international force would thus be responsible for maintaining order in a devastated land where the fierce antagonisms will not have been laid to rest. Common rules of engagement and behaviour for all military forces present would have to be established and applied without fail.

Forces would have to be ready to be engaged, complete with combat and logistic support, to deal with any flare-up.

All this requires a unitary chain

of command reaching from a political authority, assisted by a military staff, down to a single field commander to whom all forces are subordinated.

Such a command system exists ring parties in former Yugoslavia. could be made to integrate non-Readiness to participate in NATO forces. Russia, in particumilitary point of view. But it is clearly impossible politically to place all cooperating forces under the organisation's command.

NATO cannot appear to become the world's policeman. This role is properly that of the United

All potential participants now appear to have accepted this. The Russian government agreed on Feb. 24 to the establishment of multilateral U.N. forces, and stated its readiness to involve the mechanism of the North Atlantic Cooperation Council (NACC). The council was set up in December 1991 to establish links between NATO and the former Warsaw Pact countries.

Cooperation in peacekeeping activites, including planning, training and exercises, was agreed on at the council's last ministerial meeting. Reports have been received of recent Russian approaches in Geneva and in New York to establish such cooperation in the case of Yugoslavia. A U.N. command system could

now be designed rapidly by using the NATO model and facilities, and by reviving a U.N. body. The Security Council has a Military chiefs of defence staff of the that now serving the U.N. protecpermanent member countries are represented, but which has never functioned. Secretary-General ity would thus be fully respected, Boutros Ghali has called for its and all countries sending forces activation

NATO has repeatedly stated readiness to provide whatever support the United Nations re- of the United Nations. Similarly, all quires. Senior alliance planners people of the former Yugoslavia arrived in New York last week to discuss such plans. The Security Council would

have to establish an operational committee in permanent session to provide the overall political control. The military advice and technical supervision would be supplied by a revitalised Military Staff Committee.

If this body had the support of NATO's command structure, the required procedures, expertise and facilities would be immediately available. Technical staff, intelligence and communications equipment and personnel, as well as contingency plans, could be provided quickly. Qualified senior officers from non-NATO countries could easily be accommodated.

An overall force commander could then be appointed for the operation in the Balkans. Although NATO forces would be in the majority, he should preferably be from another nationality — perhaps the Swedish general, Lars Erik Wahlgren, who was recently appointed to command U.N. forces in former Yugoslavia, with a NATO deputy. He

Staff Committee on which the headquarters element, similar to tion force in Bosnia. The principle of international-

would be able to do so in the knowledge that they were placing them under the command only could rely on the impartiality of the force, and cooperation would be easier to obtain.

This system would require agreement by the permanent members of the Security Council. No problem would exist for four of them, as the United States, Britain and France are NATO members and Russia would become a major player in an operation in which it has so far been involved only at the political

China would be under strong political and moral pressure to agree; it would have the enticement of international respectability and the prospect of rapprochement with the West.

The commitment would be arduous, costly and probably long. But its success could provide the model for regulating conflicts on an international basis in the future. If established permanently, this system could save much bloodshed and misery.

The writer is editor of NATO's Sixteen Nations, an independent military journal. The article is reprinted from The could be supported by a NATO International Herald Tribune.

World Trade Centre blast A hint of what's to come?

By Richard Pyle The Associated Press

tive skills and luck that cracked Jordanian already held as a trade the World Trade Centre bombing centre bombing suspect. ter fear of U.S. law enforcement: inquiry will focus on the Middle That Americans may be facing a East. wave of organised terrorism on their own home ground.

in scores of bombings, skyjack-ings, assassinations and other politically driven acts of violence national groups or clandestine over the past 25 years, few have state agents, usually to influence occurred in the United States an audience."

factors: The distance from the "Arab terrorists" in 1968-88, centres of revolutionary ferment, there were 69 against Israeli the easy availability of U.S.-re-targets, 35 against Arabs and 57 lated targets abroad, Washing-in Europe and elsewhere. Of 33 ton's targets abroad at a stacks. ton's tough anti terrorist policy of major attacks on Americans, no negotiations and swift armed none occurred in the United retaliation, and the efficiency of States. its law enforcement in solving Similarly, the Red Army fac-such crimes.

around the globe, officials say Europe in the 1970s and 1980s there is no reason to assume the targeted some U.S. military facibrazen attack on a symbolic heart lities and individual Americans. of capitalist democracy was simp- But like the Arabs, they ly an isolated event.

A day after the Trade Centre shores. hopefully: "I don't expect that related to Puerto Rico. we'll ever see things like that Even so, more serious activity

called Iran responsible for most companies. Middle East terrorism at present, but said it was "too early to say"

FBI agents found bomb-ingredient chemicals in a New Jersey storage space rented by Mohammad A. Salameh, the 26-year-old

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Federal agents made clear their

Although the use of the term terrorist is sometimes disputed, Although Americans and their the U.S. government defines terinstitutions have been victimised rorism as "premeditated, politi-

Officials credit this to several that among significant actions by

But with the end of the Cold "urban guerrillas" who mur-war unleashing a new surge of dered, kidnapped and fire-nationalist and religious zealotry bombed their way across Western apparently stayed clear of U.S.

Blast, New York Gov. Mario An FBI tabulation for 1987-91 Cuomo said it was "just a hint of listed 34 "terrorist incidents" in what they have grown accustomed to in some other great ism or sabotage, with no deaths nations, like Britain." He added, or injuries. Twenty-three were

here. We are stronger than that, is not unknown in the United and we have better law enforce- States. The 20th century has witnessed scores of bombings against In an ABC-TV interview Sun- politicians, diplomats, judges, day, former CIA Director Robert Gates government agencies and private

Bombs exploded in or near the U.S. Senate in 1915, 1975 and whether such activity was coming 1983; in the Wall Street area in the 1920s and 1975, and at New Others, closer to the smell of York's Laguardia airport in 1975. death in the trade centre's shat- Although various groups claimed tered underground garage, are responsibility for some acts, in-less optimistic. ternational ties are rarely proven.

LETTERS

Royal Jordanian's dilemma

To the Editor:

IT IS with utter amazement that I read an article in your Arabic sister daily Al Ra'i about Royal Jordanian's dilemma when "compelled" to employ expatriate air hostesses. Their longestablished presence has always been a welcome complement to the local workforce. However, the recent uproar is the result of the salary proposed to the latest recruits, mainly Irish.

The answers of RJ Vice President Munib Toukan to the questions asked in the media is nothing less than an insult to the intelligence of those of us who are better informed. Allow me to point out the following; all of course in the spirit of the prevailing atmosphere of democracy and free speech.

1. RJ's contention that expatriate air hostesses are essential to facilitate communication with passengers aboard its international flights to the USA and the Far East would be valid were in not for the fact that mastery of the English language is a prerequisite for the employment of Jordanian cabin crew.

Will somebody please explain to me what difference Englishspeaking Irish hostesses would make? Unless of course they are also all fluent in the Indian, Sri Lankan, Thai, Maiay and Indonesian languages. Moreover, all of RJ's cabin crews eventually fly on all its routes which makes the comparison with British Airway's (BA) recruitment of 140 Japanese air hostesses invalid because BA actually flies its Japanese air hostesses only on their London Tokyo route.

2. Mr. Toukan also denies that the expatriate air hostesses will be paid \$1,000. The advertisement in an Irish newspaper states clearly that the salary will be \$12,000 per annum tax free. The contract will undoubtedly show a basic salary of \$700 per month as he claims, but he has found it convenient not to mention the additional \$300 that will be paid in lieu of accommodation. (As though the Jordanian cabin attendants do not have to pay the same exhorbitant rents in Amman, or are they condemned to live with their parents for the rest of their working lives?)

3. On page 8 of the same Al Ra'i newspaper, RJ is advertising

for Jordanian air hostesses offering a salary of JD 245 per month. An extra two months salary bonus plus RJ's contribution to the provident fund do in fact translate into around JD 300 gross per month. Mr. Toukan finds this figure close to the salary offered to the expat hostess (at the present the \$700 dollars figure). Please give us a break!

4. For those who find the above preposterous, let me bring up the matter of the Jordanian air stewards. Suffice to say that they in turn earn JD 50 per month less than the Jordanian air hostesses. You do not have to be Einstein to figure out that Jordanian air stewards will be earning less than 1/3 of the salary of expatriate hostesses, and to add insult to injury these stewards, some with over 15 years of service to the airline, will be required to train and supervise the new recruits during their flying duties. Justice at its best.

5. RJ's pilots are also dismayed and feel insulted by this new arrangement. A career in the cockpit normally starts at the rank of pilotflight engineer. To get there, one would have spent no less than JD 25,000 over a period of no less than two years' training, with innumerable and gruelling exams, tests and medicals along

If at the end of it one is lucky enough to be employed by RJ one will find one's gross monthly income far less than the \$1,000 paid to the expatriate hostess. This figure in fact comes close to the salary of a first officer, the

number two man on board an airliner. Where then is the job recognition and status? How would these pilots feel when they are served by ladies earning more than themselves? (No disrespect to

6. For those who think this is too much of a fuss over 18 Irish hostesses, rumour has it that they are only the first batch of many more to come. Furthermore, the 90 or so expatriate hostesses already working at RJ, happily for around \$500 per month, will be moving to the new pay scale upon renewal of their contracts. Mabrouk to all Irish, Indian, Egyptian, Tunisian etc. hostesses in town. Rj. which is claiming that it cannot afford to pay its crews better salaries, seems to have won the lottery when it comes to you. I would nevertheless hate to be in your shoes when working alongside your Jordanian colleagues.

7. As to the argument that RJ is unable to fill all the vacancies with Jordanians, surely such a claim can only stand when Jordanians are offered the same salaries as the expatriates, and fail to respond. What is happening is bound to further discourage Jordanians aspiring to become hostesses.

All indications are that RJ, by doing this, could lose credibility and, more importantly, the loyalty of its Jordanian air crews that will surely undermine its efforts to stay profitable while on its way

Carol Deakin.

Maastricht Treaty

A tough test in German court He was cabinet chief in the

By Richard Murphy

BONN - Could the Maastricht Treaty ultimately come to grief in Germany, the self-styled motor of European integration? Diehard German opponents of

the treaty hope so. They are fighting a rearguard action in the constitutional court in Karlsruhe, Germany's highest court, to have the treaty blocked on the grounds that it would

undermine democracy and national sovereignty. Their action raises the intriguing possibility that Germany, rather than Maastricht laggards Britain and Denmark, could be one of the very last European Community (ÉC) members to complete ratification - or even

that it might not do so at all. Both houses of parliament ratified the blueprint for political and economic union amid much fanfare in December, but President Richard Von Weizsaecker, acting on government advice, has still not signed the formal "instruments of ratification.'

He is waiting for the constitutional court to rule on complaints by several dozen individuals and the far-right Republican party challenging the treaty as uncon-

The treaty cannot come into-force until all 12 EC states have deposited their instruments of ratification with the Italian government, where they will be held in the archives alongside the EC's Rome Treaty.

"Under national law, ratification has been completed and is being implemented," says Mr. Weizsaecker's spokesman Hans-Henning Horstmann. "Under international law, this will happen when the constitutional court has

given its ruling." Ironically, the leading German opponent of the treaty is a former top "Eurocrat", Manfred Brun-

office of EC Commission Vice-President Martin Bangemann until the two parted company last year because of "fundamental differences" over the treaty.

Mr. Brunner says the treaty infringes on human rights and violates fundamental principles of the German constitution.

His lawyer, Karl Albrecht

Schachtschneider, will try to persuade the court that German democracy is threatened by the transfer of authority to a community dominated by heads of government who can ride roughshod over a weak European Par-

"The threat is of what I have called a Europe of Fuebrers," he said, using the word for leader which Adolf Hitler bestowed on

"The Germans decided to establish a German state, the Federal Republic of Germany. If they want a different state, a United Europe, they must decide

again by means of a new constitution," he said. The government, proud of its

boast that Germany ratified the treaty before the original deadline of Dec. 31, 1992, plays down the significance of the court cases and dismisses speculation that German ratification could be jeopardised.

"We are very confident that it will go ahead," says foreign Foreign Ministry spokesman Juergen Pfeifer. Guenther Verheugen, chair-

man of parliament's European affairs committee, is also unconcerned. "I see no problem at all,"

He noted that Bonn's 1949 constitution contains an explicit commitment to European union and said the constitutional amendments took account of previous rulings on European integration from Karlsruhe.

Of course, the treaty infringes the principles of democracy and federalism of our constitution,

U.S. to issue invitations to talks

(Continued from page 1)

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policy of banning contacts with the (PLO) despite Britain's deci-sion to resume high-level talks with the group.

"No, we're going to continue our same policy with respect to that." he said when asked if a change was contemplated.

"The effort that was made to have meetings with Mr. Arafat, I think, resulted in our disappointment at their failure to assist us on terrorism matters," he told reporters during a picture-taking session with Italian Foreign Minister Emilio Colombo.

"So, we're going to continue, at least for the time being, with our present policy," Mr. Christ-

muddled than Mr. Christopher's statements would make it seem,

Although direct contacts with the PLO are forbidden, U.S. officials, including former Secretary of State James Baker, have had frequent meetings with the Palestinian delegation to the peace talks even though it is an open secret that the delegation is

Israel has accepted the Palestinian delegates as participants in the peace talks.

U.S. officials believe a change now in policy towards the PLO

FBI says 'large group' behind blast

(Continued from page 1)

America is vulnerable to domestic terrorism — the World Trade Centre bombing clearly shows that we are — but rather, what are we prepared to do about it?" Mr. Schumer said.

Mr. Sessions also gave assurances that the bombing would not be used to justify interfering in the lives of people merely be-cause of their nationality or religious beliefs. A Jordanian citizen of Palesti-

nian origin, Mohammad Salameh, and Egyptian-born Ibrahim Al Gabrowny have been arrested in the case involving the Feb. 26 bombing.

Much of the discussion at the

hearing revolved around a Muslim cleric, Sheikh Omar Abdul Rahman, who preaches in mosques in the New York area.

Sheikh Omar stood trial and was acquitted a decade ago in connection with the assassination of Egyptian President Anwar Sadat but was allowed into the United States by mistake, according to the State Department's coordinator for counterterrorism, Thomas McNamara.

Mr. McNamara said that he said. although the sheikh had been on a "watch list" he was given an entry visa by the U.S. embassy in Khartoum in 1990. The visa was revoked later that year but he later received a resident alien green card.

When that status was revoked, he applied for political asylum from Egypt and the case re-

theatre at the Haekstap army

barracks, on a desert highway 40

kilometres northeast of Cairo,

the defendants boasted of their

accomplishments with the state-

The men, most bearded, some

in white galabiyas, others in

Western-style suits, interrupted

their chanting long enough for

Abdul Zaher, an engineer, to

Islamiya (Islamic Group)?" he

asked. "It is led by Dr. Omar

Abdul Rahman. It killed Sadat

after he rejected the rule of

Defence lawyers tried to get

"If terrorism and extremism

him to stop, but he ignored them.

means legitimate self-defence and

the defence of our religion and

honour, then welcome terror-

Egyptian courts have acquitted

Sheikh Abdul Rahman, who has

lived in the United States for

more than three years, three

times of charges related to ex-

tremist acts, including ordering

After the statement was read

Mr. Sadat's death.

God."

"What is the Al Gama'a Al

Egyptian militants go on trial in court

Before the trial started in a and during a court adjournment

March 13.

the violence.

No.

opher added.

The U.S. position is a bit more however.

advised by the PLO.

could upset the peace talks.

mained before the U.S. courts. The Washington Post reported that Mr. Salameh, who was arrestd March 4 and charged with

"aiding and abetting the bombing," is considered a relatively marginal figure in the attack, and law enforcement officials acknowledge that evidence against him is largely circumstantial.

Mr. Gabrowny, is being held on a charge that he obstructed justice when federal agents came to search his home after finding Mr. Salameh had listed his address on a driver's licence application. It is not clear what evidence, if any there is that he is involved in the bombing and he has not been charged in the larger

The FBI said Monday that more search warrants and arrest warrants could be issued this

Workers beneath the trade centre, meanwhile, continued to inch into the wobbly blast crater, which is expected to hold a wealth of information, said Mr. Fox of the FBI.

"When they finally get in there, they're going to look like a colony of ants going after sugar,"

In other developments. Mr. Salameh got into a scuffle Mon-day in the federal jail in Manhattan. Mr. Salameh fought with guards after they gave him underwear that was too large and socks that were too small, said his lawyer, Robert Precht.

Mr. Precht said Mr. Salameh was not seriously hurt.

for noon prayers, defendant Mus-

tafa Sayed, a lawyer, reiterated:

Islamiya, and Sheikh Omar

Abdul Rahman is our emir (lead-

er)."
The first trial session, which

lasted almost two hours, was

mainly procedural. The military

judge adjourned the trial to

In their statement, the defen-

dants said that they were attack-

ing tourism in Egypt to destabil-ise the economy and the govern-

ment. They said the violence was

also spurred by the government's

'horrible" torture of detainees

and its long-term detention of

suspects without due process.

They claimed the government has

held up to 4,000 suspects without

trial over the past four years.

the militants have waged an esca-

lated violence campaign to over-throw President Hosni Mubarak's

secular government and replace it

with an Iran-like theocracy. To

date, a total of 95 people have been killed and 166 wounded in

Since the beginning of 1992,

There is only one Al Gamaa Al

By Farida Burtis

NEW YORK - Standing side by side for Friday prayers in the Islamic Cultural Centre mosque were Kuwaitis, Iraqis and Kurds, Jordanians, Palestinians, Kenyans and Americans. For the duration of prayers the atmosphere was one of peace and unity - in contrast to the turbulent political conflicts and turmoil in some of the countries repre-

"The new mosque is a place for information, a place to correct the image of Islam and to bring Muslims and non-Muslims together," said Abdul Rahman Osman of Egypt, the mosque imam, during an interview and tour of the Islamic Cultural Cen-

Completed over a year ago, the mosque is part of the Islamic Cultural Centre located on Third Avenue and 96th Street on New York's upper east side.

Although there are over two dozen places where Muslims say prayers, this is the first building constructed as a mosque. A common place for Muslims to offer prayers has been a penthouse room at the U.N.'s Dag Hammarsksjold library building.

Sheikh Osman, who was previously a director of the Islamic Centre located on the west side of New York, added, "Islam is mis-understood in this part of the world." He says the presence of the Islamic Cultural Centre creates a better understanding.

"People are surprised and happy at the answers they receive,' he explained. "They realise Islam is a very rational and progressive religion.

A recent estimate based on U.S. census figures projects that 3.5 million Muslims live in the U.S. about 400,000 Muslims reside in the New York area. The number is expected to increase as more immigrants from Islamic countries come to the U.S.

"The mosque fulfills a very important function," Mr. Osman said. "In this part of the world there are so many temptation, especially for young people. People have to learn the right values in dealing with such influences.

"Dr. Mohammad Salem Agwar, a former professor of

when they appealed to Syria,"

Ties between the PLO lead-

appeared to thaw last year; the

level of animosity between the

statement at the end of February

appealing to Syria and basically

calling Syria their protector that

was the last straw," said the

official, referring to expellee spokesman Abdul Aziz Al Ranti-

si's remarks that he hoped Syria

would "fulfill our hopes of a

The appeal to Syria was seen

by the PLO as a slap in the face. Syria is thought to be the Arab

country closest to an agreement

with the Israelis but it hosts and

encourages anti-peace talk

sage, but in reply to a question on

whether new ideas were discussed

to resolve the expellee crisis, Mr.

this matter in a satisfactory way

that would conform to interna-

tional law and help the peace process," the minister said. "This

is the focus of current contacts."

"We hope to be able to settle

Musa sounded upbeat.

quick and collective return."

"When the expellees made a

two seems to continue.

added the official.

with about 400 books that visitors can consult. Dr. Agwar says the PLO and Hamas resume dialogue (Continued from page 1)

based in Damascus. "The last straw, however, was The PLO sees Syria hosting of some friendly and unfriendly opponents of Fateh group as "a ership and the Syrian government also remain strained. Relations

The new mosque in New York

Egypt's Al Azhar University, is

also imam at the mosque and directs the activities of the centre.

Plans are under way to build a

Dr. Agwar expects consturc-

At present, nearly 200 people

come to the Islamic Cultural Cen-

tre to learn Arabic. Classes are

held in the basement of the multi-

story building. Among those who visit the Islamic Centre are indi-

viduals who hope to convert to

Islam or expect to marry Mus-

lims. The centre houses a library

Palestinian parties which are

tion to be completed "in a couple

school on the premises.

of years.'

double-edged sword."
"We have no trouble with the concept of some Palestinian groups being based in Datmascus but the inter-Palestinian dialogue must remain amicable and that has not always been the case," said the Amman-based PLO official.

By appealing to Syria, Hamas hit a raw nerve of the PLO. The PLO feels it is its "duty" to continue its contacts and dialogue with Hamas, because "the PLO is the representative of all Palesti-

nians and Hamas is Palestinian." said the official. "It is not going to make any concessions to Hamas over issues of representation in the Palestine National Council.' "There will be no compromise,

Egypt has been actively

mediating a solution to the crisis.

With U.S. backing, Israel offered to repatriate 101 exiles

immediately and the rest by the

end of the year. The exiles re-

fused, insisting on full imple-mentation of a U.N. Security

Council resolution that deman-

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they were offered 12 seats in the PNC and they can take it or leave it," said the Amman-based PLO Jordan Times, Mr. Nazzai said

The month of Ramadan, which

started Feb. 22, is a particularly

busy time for the Islamic Centre.

Dr. Agwar says that every day during Ramadan there will be a

lecture and recitation from the

Qur'an. The end of Ramadan will

be marked by the celebration of

Eid-Al-Fitr, which is expected to

take place on March 22. Over

2,000 people offer Friday prayers

every week, and a larger number

is expected to celebrate the end

tees of the Islamic cultural Cen-

tre, Mohammad Abdullah

The head of the board of trus-

of fasting, said Dr. Agwar.

official.

New mosque is symbol of Islam in America

library will be expanded soon so that books can be checked out.. Abdulhassan, is Kuwait's ambasthat books can be checked out..

Kuwait.

non.

representative.

sador to the U.N. he says with

satisfaction that the construction

Originally put on the drawing

board years ago by ambassadors

of Islamic countries to the U.N.,

the project did not enter the

construction phase until 1987.

The mosque was a year late in opening because Kuwait funding

the \$17 million pledged for the

project — came to an abrupt halt

after the 1990 Iraqi invasion of

Although the copper dome and gold-topped minarete mark the unmis-

In a separate statement to the

that his organisation had met with

Spanish and Chinese diplomats in

Khartoum at the end of Febru-

ary. He did not say why this

information was withheld from

the media for over a week. He

said his organisation wished to

clarify that all diplomatic contacts

being made by organisation was

in order to secure the safe return

of the expellees in South Leba-

official in Khartoum, met with

Agustus Cassinello, a political

bureau official from the Spanish

embassy in Cairo as well as with

the Chinese ambassador to Khar-

toum. "It was a meeting upon their request," said Mr. Nazzal. Hamas officials in Amman had

meetings in February with the

Jordan-based ambassadors of

more than three-quarters of

of the mosque was a "historic'

event after years of delay.

Political analysts close to Hamas have said that the organisation has changed its approach vis-a-vis its role in the PNC. "They will wait till an agreement between the Israelis and the Palestinians is made and then join the Palestinian parliament. Thus they won't be held responsible for the outcome of the talks," said the senior PLO member.

Mr. Nazzal said the joining the PNC is not a priority right now.'

A recent opinion poll con-ducted by the Jerusalem-based Jerusalem Centre for Information and Communication indicated that 58.1 per cent of the Palestinians in the occupied territories considered the PLO to be the representative of the Palestinian people while 12.4 per cent said they considered Hamas as their

Britain, Germany and Italy as well as a senior U.S. diplomat.

Settler who shot Gazan turns himself in (Continued from page 1) in to police on Tuesday said he

fired shots in the air because he felt the settlers' lives were in danger, Mr. Sade told the Associated Press.

Mr. Sade said the man was being held on suspicion of involvement in Maidun's death, but that he had not been charged. Mr. Sade would not release the ded immediate repatriation of all.

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name of the detainee.

Mr. Sade said police would compare the settler's gun to the bullet taken from Maidun's chest.

Radio reports said the settler first fired from his pistol and then grabbed two other weapons when he ran out of ammunition.

Settlers said the man had only gone to police to testify and did not expect to be arrested.

almost clear, but the cumula effect of the glass layers is water-like, pale green tran: cence.

The wall is framed in calligraphy. Its glass panels the front entrance are decora with a contemporary, geome design composition based on petition of a simple square ereenish-white, semi-opaque our. There is no traditional m such as a cartouche shamsa arabesque.

The calligraphy itself is a blo of traditional and futuristic signs. The letters are bold angular, as in 9th century K Arabic script, burt Mr. McCar refers to them as "compu generated" - a computer pr out was used as the base for calligraphy. Modern elements found in the use of monochroi tic design, straight lines and s ple forms.

Extensive use of glass for s lights allows daylight to p into the main area used prayers. The pale green inte walls are divided into la squares around which are tran cent glass borders. Numer lights are suspended from m-rods, encircling the interior b of the dome.

In addition to the main pra hall of the mosque where offer prayers, women can pra the balcony. The centre washrooms — unlike U washrooms — have facilities wodu, or ablution, a rite of ducted before offering praye

During this reporter's visit. Indonesian Muslim and American fiancee stopped takable presence of a mosque against the New York City sky-line, the minaret is essentially symbolic. As a result of the city's Sheikh Osman's office to requ information about Islam c pared to Christianity and Ju ism. In response to questi from the American visit Sheikh Osman quoted a line fr — or call to prayer — would not be heard beyond the mosque's Chapter II, verse 256 of the H Qur'an. "There is no comput in religion."

He then showed her verse 6: the same chapter and read alo "Those who are the Jews, Chi ians and Sabeans - who believeth in God and the last and doth right — surely t al layers of pale green glass panels with gold accessories. Individually, each panel looks World News Link.

Britain holds top-level PLO tall

(Continued from page 1)

He said the PLO did not get all it wanted in talks in the United

zoning laws, the mosque's board

of trustees agreed that the azan

The mosque represents a blending of Islamic design with

contemporary architecture in

creating "a mosque for the 21st century," said architect Michael

McCarthy. The wall that is oriented toward Mecca has sever-

compound.

"I believe that they now (think) they can raise some of them (their demands) with the Europeans, especially the Brit-ish," said Mr. Beilin. "What I am afraid of is that as a result of it they will decide not to come to

the negotiating table in April." Mr. Hogg did not specify "concessions" sought from Israel. He said that in previous talks about expulsions "we have pushed the Israelis, sought to persuade them to build on that which they've

already done." Britain has condemned as a violation of international law the Israel expulsion.

Asked about the Israeli protest

at resumed ministerial-level contacts with the PLO, the Foreign Office said the decision to hold the meeting was taken because the British government believed it would move forward the peace process.

"This meeting offered Mr. Hogg a chance to give Faisal Husseini and the PLO ... our views on why it is so important to get back to the negotiating table," a spokesman said. "The PLO will have an influence on this important decision."

The spokesman said the m ing came at a delicate stage in peace process and Mr. H would make a similar point Israel when he met Mr. Be

Thursday. Mr. Arafat welcomed the H ish decision, saying it wo strengthen Europe's role in peace process.

"We express our considerat of the British governme resumption of contacts with organisation at ministerial lev-Mr. Arafat said.

He also welcomed Belgiu decision last week to upgrade PLO mission in Brussels from information and liaison office give it the title of General Pale nian Delegation.

The decision followed a m ing in Tunis last month betw Mr. Arafat and Belgian Fore Minister Willy Claes.

"These steps will certainly rforce the European role in

peace efforts in our area. Arafat said.

Mr. Arafat made his rema in a message to Palestinians in occupied territories marking 64th month of the intifada aga Israeli rule. The message

issued by the Palestinian nagency WAFA. Mr. Arafat also talks French Ambassador Jean-N Bouillane de Lacoste in Tuni.

Monday.

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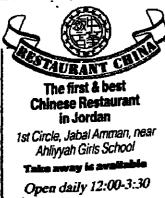
Efforts revive talks stalled — Abdul Shafi

(Continued from page 1)

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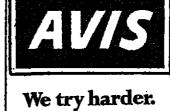
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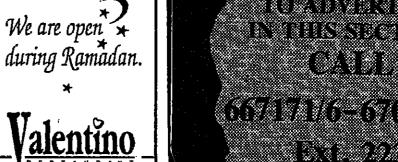
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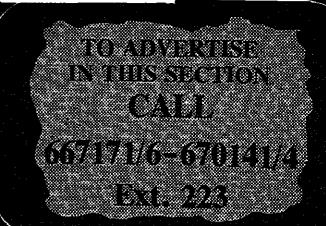
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SPORTS NEWS IN BRIEF

Warhurst saves Sheffield Wednesday

LONDON (R) — Reluctant striker Paul Warhurst kept Premier eague Sheffield Wednesday's F.A. Cup hopes alive with a late oal to earn them a 3-3 draw in their quarter-final away to Derby Monday. It was the central defender's second goal of the tie and his 11th in the last 10 matches. First Division Derby ran Wednesday ragged in the second half and seemed to have sewn up semifinal spot when they struck twice inside four minutes. But he remarkable Warhurst had the last wold, sweeping in substitute Nigel Jemson's right wing cross with only five minutes left. The vinner of the March 17 replay at Hillsborough will meet either sheffield United or Blackburn, who replay their quarter-final the

Blair wins top amateur athlete award

NDIANAPOLIS (AP) - Bonnie Blair, who captured two gold nedals in speed skeating at the Albertville Olympics, Monday right won the Sullivan Award as the nation's top amateur athlete ast year. The 28-year-old from Champaign, Illinois finally revailed in her fourth time as a finalist. Blair is only the third vinter Olympic athlete to win in the award's 60 year history. The others were figure skater Dick Button (1949) and speedskater

3ergkamp voted Dutch Footballer of the Year

AMSTERDAM (R) - Ajax Amsterdam's Italy-bound striker Dennis Bergkamp has been chosen Dutch 1992 Footballer of the rear. It is the second time Dutch league players have voted for he international marksman, who is to play for Internazionale dilan starting next season. Bergkamp also won the 1991 Dutch ward. His Ajax team mate Wim Jonk, a defensive midfielder vho is also moving to Internazionale next season, was runner up, 'SV Eindhoven's Brazilian striker Romario finished third.

3 Sonaly, Chen Lu head women's qualifications

'RAGUE (AP) — Three time European champion Surya Bonaly if France took advantage of another mediocre performance by American Nancy Kerrigan to lead the first group of women's jualifications Monday at the World Figure Skating Chamnionships. In second group, China's Chen Lu won over Ukraine's Oksana Baiul with a sparkling programme that included six triple umps. Bonaly also landed six triple jumps and had high technical cores to win the first group while Kerrigan again failed to

_awsuit filed on behalf of female boxer

EATTLE (AP) - A 16-year-old girl who hopes to become an Dlympic boxer is at the center of a sex discrimination lawsuit filed Annday by the American Civil Liberaties Union. The lawsuit. iled in King County Superior Court on behalf of Jennifer Accleery, claims McCleery is being prevented from boxing in iolation of state anti discrimination laws. Kathleen Taylor, xecutive director of the ACLU of Washington, said the girl vasn't seeking the right to box against men, only other women.

Casparov and Karpov take joint lead

INARES, Spain (R) — World champion Garry Kasparov and is old rival Anatoly Karpov shared the lead at the Linares frandmaster chess tournament after the ninth round Monday. Casparov defeated Viswanathan Anand of India in 65 moves. and had been leading the tournament with six points from ight games. Kasparov, playing white, overtook Anand after inning two pawns with some clever tactical play. Karpov, laying black, outplayed Yugoslav Ljubomir Ljubojevic to win a mooth victory in 40 moves.

Vorld Youth Soccer Championship

England beat U.S.; Saudis draw again

LBOURNE (Agencies) — ker Chris Bart-Williams hamed home a 69th minute goal ive England a 1-0 win over the ted States Tuesday and keep n on track for a place in the eight of the World Youth cer Championships.

ngland, who drew their first up C match against South ea, could have won by a ul of goals but for some ined keeping by Jeff Cassar. lowever even Cassar, who le four spectacular saves, ld not stop the young Shef-i Wednesday star who fased on to a throw-in and struck ball into the top left-hand

ner of the net. he American outsiders, who t European champions Tur-(4) in an astonishing opening ch, found the well-drilled En-3 professionals a far tougher In a Group D match in Adelaide, Norway and Saudi Arabia drew 0-0. The Saudis had earlier secured another draw against

Meanwhile, a brilliant overhead kick by big striker Carsten Jancker earned Germany a 2-2 draw with Ghana.

Jancker's strike 10 minutes from time kept German hopes alive for a place in the quarter-finals following their upset win over defending champions Portugal in their opening match.
The equaliser cancelled out

another superb goal eight mi-nutes earlier by Ghana's Emmanuel Duah in the Group B clash.

But Jancker, who scored the last-minute winner against Portugal, also received his second yellow card and will miss Thursday's vital final group match against Uruguay.

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he bidding:
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ass 3 NT Pass Pass .rth

Opening lead: Seven of 🔆 Here's a chance for you to test ur analytical powers. Would you there play or defend three no ump after a diamond lead? South might have been wiser to use North's double of three diaonds. However, the honors and so: cards are particularly well aced for East-West, so it is unlikethat East will be set more than ie trick-a paltry penalty when

there's a vulnerable game in the

offing. When this hand was played, East covered the opening lead with the cight and declarer ducked, winning a low diamond continuation with the queen. The jack of clubs was run to East's queen, and declarer's last diamond stopper was forced out. However, East had no entry to the good diamonds, so declarer come to good diamonds, so declarer came to ninc tricks after forcing out the aces of clubs and hearts.

All seems pretty normal, but does the result answer our question?
Although it might look reasonable on the surface, that's not really the case. West made a critical blunder that gave declarer the contract.

Suppose West were to shoot up with the ace of clubs on the first lead and return the remaining diamond, allowing East to force out the ace of diamonds. Since declarer has no way to come to nine tricks without setting up clubs, and that suit cannot be established without allowing East to gain the lead with the queen. the contract goes the way of the

dodo bird. Declarer has no way to counter this defense. Move to the head of the class if you spotted it.

Formula One

Comings and goings mark season debut

PARIS (AP) — Nigel Mansell is gone. Michael Andretti has arrived.

Ayrton Senna is back. And Alain Prost has returned, for the time being at least.

The Formula One racing season opens this week amid frantic comings and goings by the world's leading drivers. The man-euvering may not be over yet.

The opening race is the South African Grand Prix at Kyalami Sunday. It looked for a while as if the Williams team would be missing, after dominating Formula One last year with Mansell at the

Frank Williams sent his-application for the 1993 season a day late to the International Auto Sports Federation, known as FISA. A few teams tried to block Williams' re-entry, but FISA held a special vote to admit the cham-

Another mainstay on the Formula One circuit — the French Grand Prix — also was in trouble. The race was first wiped off the calendar because of new French anti-smoking laws. The event was reinstated after various amendments were passed to protect colinpetitors with tobacco advertising on their cars.

Italian Cup

MILAN (AP) — The last time

AC Milan suffered a defeat, it was in an Italian Cup semifinal

match against Juventus of Turin

The 0-1 loss in a second leg

game at Turin, following a goal-

less draw at home, eliminated

Nearly one year later, and

again in the Cup of Italy semifinals. AS Roma hopes for un upset victory to spoil Milan's hopes of a

The Milan powerhouse is shooting for its 13th league title

and a fifth victory both in the

European Champions Cup and in

Roma, unbeaten in the last

seven league roun is, takes on

Milan at Rome's Olympic Sta-

Juventus, last year's losing

finalist against Parma, plays crosstown rival Torino at Belle Alpi

Arena in another first leg semifin-

record ninth victory in the Italian

Cup, will be without injured

striker Pierluigi Casiraghi but will

still field an impressive offense

which Juventus won 4-3.

the Italian Cup this year.

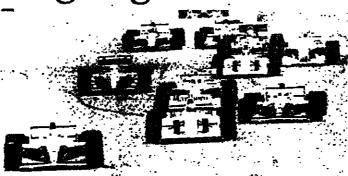
dium Wednesday night.

on the road.

Vialli.

Milan from the tournament.

grand slam triumph.



World champion Nigel Mansell (left, front) leads Brazil's Ayrton Senna (centre) and Ricardo Patrese (right, front) at the Australian Grand Prix. Nov. 1992 (AFP photo)

The biggest changes in Formula One this year involve the driv-

Maansell, an Englishman who won the drivers' title last season with victories in eight races, left Williams in a dispute over money and joined the Indy Car Circuit in the United States.

Prost, a three-time champion who sat out last year's season after being fired by Ferrari, has returned to replace Mansell at Williams. However, the Frenchman faces a possible suspension on March 18 — just four days after the South African Grand Prix - for criticising FISA.

Senna's situation was even more confused. The three time champion, who has been with the McLaren team, expressed interest in joining Williams this season. But Prost, his bitter rival,

effectively vetoed that move.

With no place to go, Senna has been negotiating with McLaren for a new contract. The Brazilian tested the new McLaren MP4 8 car at Silverstone last week, posting some of the fastest times of the winter at the British track:

The speculation ended Monday when McLaren announced that Senna would be driving for the team in South Africa.

Senna's teammate will be Andretti, a successful Indy Car driver who is the main new face on the Formula One circuit this year. He is following in the foot-steps of his father, Mario, who won the Formula One title in 1978. Fittingly, Kyalami was the scene of Mario Andretti's first Grand Prix victory for Ferrari in 1971.

"It would mean everything to me, and I know it would mean everything to him, if we were the first father son comdo to win the World Championship," Michael Andretti said.

A number of other driver shuffles occurred during the off-

Riccardo Patrese of Italy, Mansell's teammate at Williams last

Formula One beyond the next few years.

Barcelona, Bremen in Milan, Juventus face Roma, Parma "supercup' decider

BARCELONA (R) — Spanish champions Barcelona and Werder Bremen of Germany fight out the second, decisive leg of the European "supercup" at Camp Nou Stadium Wednesday with the score level and both sides in peak form.

Since last month's 1-1 first leg draw, Barcelona have gone top of the Spanish league with a run of impressive victories while Bremen underlined their well-being with a 3-0 win over Karlsruhe last week which put them second in the Bundesliga.

While both teams' minds are very much on the league pros-pects, they are also determined to take the trophy which pits the European Cup holders against the Cup Winners' Cup winners.
"The supercup brings prestige

to a club and its players. We want to win it as this one is missing from our museum," said Barcelona striker Aitor Beguiristain, who has hit scoring form recently and netted both goals in Sunday's 2-0 win at Albacete.

Both sides have some injury worries.

Barcelona are sure to be without Dutch midfielder Richard Witschge, who had to quit the Albacete game with a recurring

Danish maestro Michael Laudrup is nursing a bruised left knee after Sunday's league match.

leg muscle injury.

NO, I DON'T KNOW WHAT

A MOOSE TASTES LIKE ..

Its title hopes in the league **Peanuts**

DIDN'T CATCH THE

POLAR BEAR, HUH?



long faded. Juventus is concentrating on the Italian Cup, which awards a derth in next season's European Cupwinners Cup. Torino will start a full strength

Cup matches grant Torino and team including Belgian midfiel-Roma the opportunity to avenge der Vincenzo Scifo and the Latin American duo of Walter Casaglosses in league games earlier this season. Juventus downed Torino rande and Carlos Aguilera. 2-1 and Milan defeated Roma 1-0 Big crowds are expected both in Turin and Rome. Juventus, which is looking for a AC Milan will miss several

injured key players — Marco Van Basten, Frank Rijkaard, Roberto Donadoni and Mauro Tassotti --for Wednesday's match in Rome. However Milan's roster of 25

including Roberto Baggio, Andreas Moeller and Gianluca players is rich with good substitutes such as Zvonimir Boban, Vialli was rested in Sunday's League game Against Napoli, Deian Savicevic and Stefano Era-

French striker Jean Pierre

Papin, who scored nine goals in the last seven matches, will probably be rested Wednesday in view of Sunday's tough league match against Lazio and next week's champions Cup game with Porto.

Papin is expected to be re-placed by young Italian forward Marco Simone who would team with Dutchman Rund Gullit, Croatian Boban and Savicevic of Flasy Argentine forward

Claudio Caniggia, who's nursing a leg injury, is a questionable starter for Roma.

German midfielder Thomas Haessler, considered one of the best foreign players in the Italian league, will be the man to watch for Milan's defense, masterminded by veteran Franco Bare-

1/11

tear, moved to Benetton to be alongside Michael Schumacher, the German star who rose to third in the standings in his first full year on the circuit. Damon Hill, son of the late Formula One campion Graham Hill, was hired as Prost's teammate at Williams. Gerhard Berger, Senna's

AcLaren teammate, went over to Ferrari, although the Italian team hesitating on a commitment to

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY MARCH 10, 1993 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A rough morning was the Moon opposing Venus, squares Neptune and Uranus. The void of course starts at 11.29 a.m., just as the Moon trines Saturn allowing for gain if all is kept practical and orderly.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Avoid going off on some tangent where an older person or condition is involved for otherwise you can have a good time and make headway toward secret desires.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Do get involved in any business matget involved in any business mat-ters today but be sure to see and be with good and understanding friends who will give you support you want.

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) An older associate can attempt to arrange whatever you do in the world of outside activity but make sure you do what you yourself feel

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Tiresome tasks should not be a part of todays activities but instead be out in the world of happiness and take your place to show your abilities.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You have a chance now to better understand your attachments views and be happy romantically if you avoid an outside companion who takes

VIRGO: (August 22 to September

22) You need to get away from your home for a day and get some inspiration from allies who are living and enjoying life as you would like to.

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LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Making conditions about you more satisfactory require you do not go off to some temporary pleasures with one who holds you

up in your duties. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) You want to have a good time and it is available to you with very compatible comrades if you stick to those recreations which are

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Consider well the various things that your family expects of you and forget your own

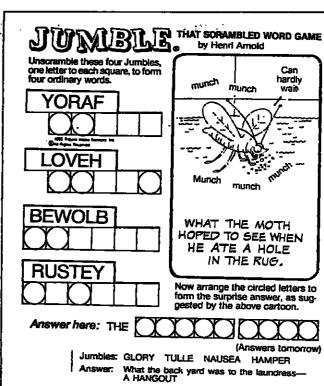
vishes in doing for those who dwell seneath your own roof. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to

January 20) An unsolved problem of long standing that troubles you should be ignored today for your opportunities from getting out in the world and achieving.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) You need to have a stronger and more definite realisation of your abilities to bring to yourself an abundance; don't allow a de-PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) You have excellent ideas of your own for getting the things you most desire but a person who thinks he knows it all can take you



"I'm studying our goldfish. They're marriage is a better role model than my parents' marriage was."



THE Daily Crossword by Joan D. Berbrich 1 Ruth 5 Repair 9 Witch trial town 14 Ardentiy eager 15 'Take — leave

16 Stage comment 17 — Xisoping 18 Where the Mets meet 19 Photo solution 19 Photo solution 20 Las Vegas 23 Founded: abbr. 24 Black gold 25 Mine matter 26 Gants outfleider, once 27 idi — 29 Eusted 32 Demean 35 "— old cowhand..." 36 Strap 37 Atlantic City 40 Money in Milan 41 Cualting and apelling spelling 42 Aquatic mammal 43 Airline abbr. 44 Pinocchio was one 45 Song syllable 45 June honoree 47 Deranged 48 Small child 51 Ft. Lauderdale 57 Expressions 6 Lucy's sidekick 7 Coward 8 Mild cath 9 Planet 10 In unison 57 Expression of regret 58 1492 vessel 59 "...— in Kalamazoo— 60 Struck hard, biblically

11 Ding-te12 Blographer of
Henry James
13 Pere's pariner
13 Pere's pariner
13 Weil-known
22 Knee or elbow
26 Gort, go.
27 Fossi resin
26 Baseball's Willia
29 Famous Mae
30 Toward shelter
31 Pentacle

biblically 61 Basi, for one 62 Dickens' heroine 63 Work by Elia 64 Raced 65 Salver

DOWN

33 Fishing need 34 City in India 35 Conception 1 Sign of merit 2 States firmly 3 Name in testing 4 Advantage

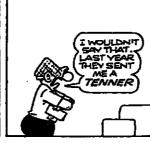
31 Pentacle 32 "— was i ere... 36 Kind of ray 38 Tolerate 39 Three-

45 Tituana treat 46 Dogmatic opinions 47 Lord's domain 48 Calvin's friend 49 Florida city 50 Score

51 Flower holder 52 "Desire Under the —"
53 Shrine
54 Step —I
58 Dog name
56 Carry on

Andy Capp





WHAT ARE YOU

GOING TO

DO NOW?





Mutt'n'Jeff



i ki 1_{1 15. 1993}

China opens first oil exchange

NANJING (R) — China opened its first oil futures exchange Tuesday, a key part of government reforms to move to a marketoriented economy.

At the sound of a brass bell, yellow-vested traders rushed to the red-carpeted trading floor of the Nanjing Petroleum Exchange to shout out prices.

The first symbolic trade was pre-arranged: 1,818 yuan for one contract of April gasoil - a price that rhymes with the Chinese saying: "It's easy to get rich."

The trade was the first real futures contract traded in China for any commodity, as it was a standardised contract cleared through a central system.

Market rules on supply and demand quickly took over and by the end of the morning session the April contract had moved to 1,868 yuan with volume of 35 contracts.

U.S. Dollar in International Markets

Financial

Markets

Currency

Sterling Pound

Deutsche Mark

Swiss Franc

French Franc

Japanese Yen

USD Per STG

U.S. Dollar

Sterling Pound

Deutsche Mark

Swiss Franc

French France

Japanese Yen

Metal

Gold

Currency

Sterling Pound

Dentsche Mark

Swiss Franc

French Franc

Japanese Yen⁴

Dutch Guildet

Swedish Krona

Italian Lira

Belgian Franc

Other Currencie

Rahraini Dinar

Lebanese Lira⁵

Sagdi Rival

Kuwaiti Dinar

Qatari Riyal

Omani Riyal

UAE Dirbam

Cypriot Pound

All-Share

lanking Sector

industry Sector

CAB Indices for Amman Financial Market

Egyptian Pound

Currency

European Curreny Unit

Eurocurrency Interest Pass

May, June, July and August contracts also traded with total

morning volume of 223. To compare with overseas markets, the exchange used a swap market rate of 8.22 yuan to the U.S. dollar Tuesday. The official rate Monday was 5.72 yuan to the

"China needs an oil exchange because at present the circulation of goods is very poor," Joseph Yip, the exchange's general manager, said in an interview.

"As a real futures exchange we will use prices to allocate resources between those who have products and those who need them," he pointed out.

Such an exchange is possible because China, which used to keep tight control of its economy, has moved to to free most prices. The Nanjing market joins two stock exchanges and numerous other commodity market at the

Tokuo

Close

₩r 9/3/93

1.4415

1.6630

1.5385

5.6293 **

116.93

Date: 9/3/1993 .

3.18

5.63

7.37

4.75

9.87

3.06

8.50

Date: 9/3/1993

Date: 9/3/1993

Óffer

0.6930

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0.4511

0.1231

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0.0438

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Offer

1.8240

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0.1853

2.2430

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0.2150

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0.31570

Close

7.4050

Date: 9/3/1993

7.1699 **

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5.37

6.76

4.37

8.62

3.06

7.94

JD/Gm

.080

New York

Date 8/3/93

1.4423

1.6635

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5.6405

116.70

1.1690

5.68

7.21

5.12

10.75

3.18

9.00

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Silver .

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0.4151

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8/3/1993

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Close

in co-operation with

Cairo Amman Bank

6.CO

8.25

5.25

10.81

3.31

9.19

USD/Oz JD/Gm²

Contral Bank of Jordan Exchange Rate E

cutting edge of China's reforms.
"We are moving towards a free
market in oil," Mr. Yip said. "The government can control prices on only a very small

The exchange's 49 members come from all over China, including oil specialists, enterprises and The exchange, which has timed

its twice-daily trading sessions to dovetail with Singapore and London trading, wants to have foreign members eventually. China's freer atmosphere

means that Nanjing is not the only place in China wanting to

start an oil exchange. Shanghai and Beijing are among several cities planning major oil markets cooperating with some of the same state-owned oil giants that started the Nanjing

MILAN (R) — The Italian cen-

tral bank was forced to intervene

on the foreign exchanges to de-

fend the fira Tuesday and share

prices tumbled as markets feared

the government could fall over a

deepening corruption crisis.

The trigger for a fresh wave of selling of the Italian currency and

stocks was news that the head of

the giant state energy company ENI had been arrested on corrup-

State television said Gabriele

Cagliari, one of the most senior

business figures to be implicated

so far in a nationwide kickback

probe, was arrested for corrup-

ARRE BANK JUMBAN HATIONAL BANK CAIRO AMPRA BANK THE BOUSING BANK

tion charges.

Corruption crisis

in Italy deepens

International tourism picked | Philadelphia starts up in 1992, OECD says

PARIS (R) - International tourism in developed countries recovered last year after a rather flat 1991, when the Gulf war put some people off travelling, the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) said Tuesday.

Tourism receipts in the OECD area, embracing 24 of the world's richest states, grew by 3.7 per cent in 1992 against 0.8 per cent in 1991 after adjusting for inflation and currency fluctuations.

The recovery took place "in spite of the continuing economic recession and the worsening of the conflict in what used to be Yugoslavia," it said. An agreement giving Yugoslavia special associate status in the OECD ended last year.

tion and breaking the law on

The lira slid to around 972 to

the German mark, from 955 on

Monday night, while the share

price index on the Milan Bourse

was showing a fall of 4.6 per cent

"The market is afraid the gov-

ernment (of Prime Minister

Giuliano Amato) may not sur-vive," said Robert Meyer of

Financial markets had already

opened in nervous mood after

Mr. Amato said in a newspaper

interview Tuesday that he had

Milan brokers Intersim.

thought of resigning.

AOTING AOTING LEVOTE

AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET

HOUSING BANK CENTER ANNAH - SEMEISARI TELEPHONE: 660170 / 663170 MANKET SHANE PRICE LINT FOR TUNSDAY 05

political party financing.

at mid-morning.

The OECD said that Europe in particular gained tourists in 1992, recovering some of the visitors lost to North America and Asia in 1991 due to the Gulf crisis. Receipts in real terms - discounting the overall level of inflation rose by one per cent after a one

per cent drop in 1991. In Britain revenues increased by 1.9 per cent after a 13.6 per cent drop in 1991.

This is partly attributable to the fall in the value of its currency and to an increased number of North American tourists (arrivals up 20 per cent,)" the Paris-based think-tank for rich nations said.

The United States remained popular, with receipts up 9.8 per cent. The dollar's weakness

and the yen was a big factor. Canada saw three per cent fewer tourists arriving in 1992, with economic weakness in the United States, which provides 90 per cent

of all visitors, the main reason. "The six per cent rise in the value of the Canadian dollar against the U.S. dollar was a critical factor," it said.

Among Pacific OECD countries, Australia's tourist revenues rose by 8.6 per cent as European visitors came in large numbers and growing Asian economies provided more tourists.

Expenditure on travel to OECD and non-OECD countries rose by 16 per cent in 1992 to \$223 billion. The deficit on tourism of the OECD states widened against most European currencies to \$14 billion from \$3 billion.

'Let's do something," he

Opinion polls show Americans

shouted in his conclusion. "and

generally back Mr. Clinton's

proposals and Mr. Clinton made

a point of remainding Washing-

ton he has the people behind him,

saying: "All across this country

people have been taking off their

special interest caps and putting

He rejected a position he attri-

buted to Republicans that "all

government spending is bad," in-

sisting that there is a distinction

to be made and that the "invest-

ments" he wants to make in job

training and education are

needed for the long-term health

Representatives' Budget Com-

mittee slashed \$63 billion from

President Clinton's spending

proposals Monday, although a few hours earlier he had agreed

"The president's committed to

making cuts and the first thing in

the morning we'll take a look at

White House Press Secretary

the cuts were necessary because

his plan to reduce the deficit by

\$140 billion would fall short of

In years past the House has

But Mr. Clinton changed the

refused to consider anything

approaching such a gigantic step.

calculus this year by proposing

hundreds of billions of dollars of

cuts, combined with new taxes, in

an effort to reduce the budget

budget committee caught the fev-

er and decided to cut even deeper

The proposal must pass the full

Tel.: 677420

House and Senate before taking

@**@**@0167460

House Democrats on the

to a cut of only \$55 billion.

Democrats on the House of

on their thinking caps."

of the U.S. economy.

let's do it now.

banking operations next Wednesday

By Samir Shafiq Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Another phase of restructuring Jordan's banking system will be completed when the new Philadelphia Investment Bank opens for business next Wednesday following the merger last week between Jordan Finance House for Development and Investment and Darco

Comptroller of Companies on March 2. The comptroller said that an extraordinary general assembly meeting of the two former financial; companies was held on Feb. 16, 1993 and that the final approval of

registration of the new investment bank and the cancellation of both former institutions from the records.

Nasser Al Lozi, the general manager designated by the executive committee, or temporary board, to oversee the bank's affairs until a new board is elected, told the Jordan Times that Philadelphia Investment Bank has a JD 10 million capital at JD 1 par value per

The capital of the bank, which was registered at the Ministry of Industry and Trade as a public shareholding company under No. 224 on March 1, 1993, was allocated to be JD 7,119,861 or shares or (75 per cent) as being Jordan Finance House equity and JD 2,553,721 or

shares as being the equity of Darco. The remainder amount of JD 326,418 (shares) will most probably be put for private subscription to the shareholders of the new bank

because of the low volume, according to Mr. Lozi. Mr. Lozi said that an ordinary general assembly meeting would take place Tuesday to elect nine board members and an auditor and hire a general manager. Next Wednesday would be the first business day under the new name, he added.

The Housing Bank had a large equity in Darco and will be an 18 per cent shareholder in the new bank. Other major shareholders would be Messers Isa Al Kazimi, Asad Al Asad and Mohammad Ai

Mr. Lozi said the new bank would be able to open new branches noting that Jordan Finance House had a permission in the past to open two branches.

The general manager, who might only retain his board membership next week, said that Philadelphia Investment Bank would be hiring highly qualified personnel and focusing on computerising all its operations in the next few months. The last and final financial company awaiting restructuring is the

Real Estate Financing Corporation (REFCO). REFCO is expected to become a JD 4 million investment bank carrying the name: The Middle East Investment Bank.

China ready to allow 100% foreign power plants

HONG KONG (R) — China is far they have always formed joint ready to allow 100 per cent foreign ownership of power stations for the first time in a drive to tackle serious energy shortages caused by explosive economic growth, a senior government offi-

Zhou Heliang of the ministry of machinery and electronics industry told Reuters China would need at least 50 billion yuan (\$8.7 billion) at 1993 prices to invest in power plants up to the year 2000.

help China boost its electricity production but so twice the original target.

ventures with local partners to build and run plants.

Mr. Zhou, who is director of the ministry's department of major project equipment, said: "We welcome foreign businessmen to China to build wholly-owned power plants."

Speaking during a recent visit to Hong Kong, Mr. Zhou said power shortages were especially severe in major cities such as Shanghai, Beijing and Guang-Hong Kong companies have zhou. China's economy grew 12.8 ner cent last year.

Mercedes 230E, model 1992, black, automatic transmission, airconditioned, four electric windows, mileage: 14,000 km. with foreign plates, owned by a diplomat, like brand new. Price: JD 21,000.

CAR FOR SALE

Call tel. 687327

VILLA FOR RENT

Three bedroom completely independent villa in Shmeisani with telephone. Central heating, car park and garden. interested expatriates please call owner at Zarka 09-911211 ext. 2805

TWO LIVE BLUES

In late March, under the auspices of Royal Jordanian and the American Centre, rock and blues musicians Billy Stevens and Scott Ainsile will offer workshops in guitar and in the use of sound system. Interested musicians should contact the American Centre as soon as possible.

Tel. 820101 ext. 2579

APARTMENT FOR RENT

Abdoun, Opposite the New American Embassy 2nd floor, 123 sq.m., 3 bedrooms, an open area including living, sitting, dining, 2 bathrooms, 2 glassed-in balconies, separate central heating, water & electricity with an extra solar heating system and private garage.

For more details please call 824254 after 2:00 o'clock. Note: The apartment can be rented with or without furniture.

Announcement

A Jordanian industrial and trading company is in need of an efficient and experienced Executive Secretary with the following qualifications:

Graduate of secretarial college/institute or having successfully passed a recognized academic course in secretarial practice.

Minimum experience of five years in secretarial practice. Excellent fluency in writing, reading and speaking

Arabic and English.

Excellent typing in Arabic and English.

Excellent knowledge in fundamental computer and

telex applications.

Good and impressive personality.

Telephone no. 680048 between 9:30 a.m. till 2 p.m.

Sultable applicants should contact in Am-

for Investment and Housing. The new investment bank was formally announced by the merger was then endorsed. As such, the minister of industry and trade approved the

Clinton issues plea for economic plan

WASHINGTON (R) - Presi- lock that gripped Washington dent Bill Clinton appealed to when a Republican president and Americans Monday to help him a Democratic-controlled Conget his economic plan approved gress could not work together, by Congress without sacrificing his plans for a short-term fiscal said he was elected to bring change to Washington and would stimulus and for long-term investsettle for nothing less.

Addressing the legislative con-ference of the National League of Cities, Mr. Chinton said his economic package, which includes an immediate \$30 billion stimulus, is needed despite more and more indications of an economy recovering on its own.

"If anyone here... tells you that economy is fine in America, tell them that where you live there's still a little work that needs to be done," Mr. Clinton told his audience, an organisation of city and

county government leaders.

He said this was the first economy recovery in his lifetime where the economic indicators are improving "but the jobs themselves are not yet being cre-

Last week's improved unemployment report showing an unemployment rate of seven per cent. the lowest in a year, has led some on Capitol Hill to question-the need for Mr. Clinton's stimulus, split between public jobs to repair roads and bridges and tax credits for companies that generate new jobs.

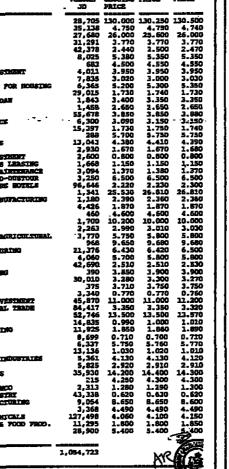
the additional \$55 billion was not Mr. Clinton said that despite an inflexible number." the encouraging economic news, "if you look behind those num-Dee Dee Myers had said earlier bers, you see often those jobs are part-time.

revised figures by the Congres-sional Budget Office showed that Republicans have questioned the need for the tax increases in under Mr. Clinton's proposals, his package while some Democrats have wanted to change the nature of the spending cuts. the goal. The investment portion of his

package calls for \$153 billion in new education, transportation and other spending. Mr. Clinton's overall plan calls for \$325 billion in deficit reduction over four years, \$186 billion in new taxes and \$153 billion in new

spending.
Mr. Clinton has been able to rebuff complaints from the minority Republicans about his proposals. But opposition from members of his own Democratic that Mr. Clinton suggested. Party could lead to some revision of his package.

Mr. Clinton, decrying the grid-



MATICARA PORTUCIO SECURITIES MEAL ESTATE INVESTIBIET JORGAN GULF BERL ESTATE MESTIBIES PETRA BETRIESES & EQUIPMENTS LEAS MACHINAN EQUIP. RENTING & MAINTE JORGAN PRESS & PURITISHING AD-0085 UNITED MIDULE EAST & COMMODORS NOT MAINTE MIDULE EAST & COMMODORS NOT MIDULE EAST & COMMODORS NOT MINISTER MINISTE JORDAN PHOSPHATE MINES JORDAN PRINCETON REFINARY

MATIONAL STREET INDUSTRY BATIONAL INDUSTRIES INTERNEDIATE PETRO-CHRICAL INDUSTRIES JOHNAN BOCKNOCK INDUSTRIES UNIVERSAL CHRICAL INDUSTRIES

ALADDIN INDUSTRIES
JORGAN INDUSTRIES & MATCH/JIMCO
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LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

7/3/1993 Close

190-60

132.78

213.22

270.67

249.45

LONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London Foreign Exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

One U.S. dollar

One sterling

1.2434/39 1.6610/20 1.8675/85 1.5370/80 34,180/230 5.63820/70 1600/1605 116.90/117.00 7.6050/150 7.0500/600 6.3700/800

1.4415/25

One ounce of gold \$327.00/327.50

Deutschemarks **Dutch** guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

Canadian dollar

U.N. convoy stuck at Serbian border as Bosnia fighting continues

SARAJEVO (Agencies) — A U.N. relief convoy attempting to reach a trapped Muslim town in eastern Bosnia was stuck at the Serbian border Tuesday despite assurances from Bosnian Serb authorities that it would be allowed

In Bosnia itself fighting was continuing in Sarajevo and in the north, but there were no reports of battles in the east, where the government side had threatened a counter-offensive to relieve blockaded Muslim settlements.

A spokeswoman for the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) in Beigrade said the convoy of a dozen trucks carrying medical aid was stopped on the bridge at the Serbian border town of Mali Zvornik.

"We are seeking clarification with those on the spot and at a higher level — of the agreement reached yesterday," spokeswoman Lyndall Sachs told Reu-

The commander of U.N. troops in Bosnia, General Philippe Morillon, said Monday after talks with local Serb leaders that the authorities had agreed to let. the convoy through to the Muslim settlement of Konjevic Polje, under Serb siege for 10 months, to evacuate the sick and wound-

Later Bosnian Serb leader Radovan Karadzic said his forces would allow all aid convoys

through to eastern Bosnia. Ms. Sachs said the convoy, driven by Swedish firemen

LUANDA (R) — The Angolan

government warned of a new long

and bloody round of civil war and

UNITA rebels threatened Tues-

day to "neutralise" vital oil in-

staliations in the north if govern-

ment forces tried to recapture

"In the case of an attack, the

(Sovo) oil sector will be neutral-

ised and its regional infrastruc-

ture affected." the Voice of Re-

sistance of the Black Cockerel

Radio of the rebel UNITA move-

The government army chief

over closer ties with Europe and

insisted the "minor setback" in

parliament would not prevent

Britain ratifying the Maastricht

servative Party, emboldened by Prime Minister John Major's 22-

vote defeat, increased calls for a

referendum and threatened to

inflict further humiliations over

European monetary and political

:"We reserve the right to

oppose the Maastricht agreement

tooth and nail. And that is what

we are going to do," Conserva-

tive rebel James Cran said after

the government's first defeat in

the House of Commons (lower

The rebels joined with Labour

and Liberal Democrat opposi-

tion parties in the vote on a minor

amendment concerning the

make-up of a regional EC com-

· Even the most pessimistic gov-

ernment supporters were dis-

mayed by the size of the 314- to

Labour member slapped a Con-

servative rebel on the back.

Welcome comrade," he said

Twenty-six Conservative rebels

voted with the opposition and 19

abstained, wiping out the govern-

ment's slender 20-seat majority in

The defeat would have been

larger if the Conservatives had

not won over the handful of

the 651-seat chamber.

Outside the Chamber one

house) since 1986.

292-vote defeat.

with a grin.

mittec.

But rebels from the ruling Con-

warned Angolans earlier that the nation 1 p.m. (1200 GMT) to

U.K. government talks

down Maastricht defeat

LONDON (R) — The British The pound, which had traded

government Tuesday tried to above 2.40 marks earlier Mon-

brush off its damaging defeat day, fell one pfennig in U.S. over closer ties with Europe and markets after the defeat and ex-

trading.

to evacuate 75 people from Konjevic Polje to the nearby Muslim stronghold of Tuzla.

Gen. Morilion said Monday that the same convoy had also been given permission to go to the town of Srebrenica, with 60.000 inhabitants including refugees from other fallen settle-

A UNHCR official and a World Health Organisation doctor who trekked to Srebrenica at the weekend said 2,000 people were sick and were dying at the rate of up to 30 each day. At least 9,000 were seeking evacuation,

Gen. Morillon himself was in Sarajevo Tuesday trying to end the latest upsurge in fighting and get U.N. monitors stationed in eastern Bosnia.

At the same time U.N. officials Tony Land and Victor Andrevey were talking to Bosnian Serb leaders at their headquarters in Pale near Sarajevo to try to flesh struck by Gen. Morillon Monday to open humanitarian corridors to eastern Bosnia.

Fighting continued in Sarajevo. with activity concentrated on the western suburbs of Stup, Ilidza and Butmir and the road to the airport, which was closed three times Monday due to shelling.

Bosnian radio also reported shelling of Muslim positions in Brcko and Gradacac in the north of the country, while Belgrade-based Tanjug News Agency re-

UNITA possessed a "terrible war

machine" and they should pre-

pare for a long war which could

cause more casualties than the

"It is... necessary for the peo-ple to realise that this will be a

protracted war... to keep our

heads cool, have hope and mobil-

ise ourselves in order to face

Army Chief-of-Staff General

Joao De Matos told a televised

news conference Monday night.

Jonas Savimbi would broadcast to

tended this loss in early European

Hurd admitted the defeat was

embarrassing but said it would

merely delay the ratification of

the Maastricht Treaty, not derail

day for the government, Mr. Hurd said: "It is a pale shade of

of the Conservative Party, said he

did not accept the standing of

Prime Minister John Major had

been damaged. "You can have these minor setbacks," Mr. Fow-

ler told a television interviewer.

no question at all that the bill will

'We will get it through, there's

Asked whether it was a black

Sir Norman Fowler, chairman

Foreign Minister Douglas

UNITA radio said earlier that

UNITA's terrible war machine,

previous 16-year civil war.

Angola oil industry threatened

trained in first aid, had planned ported clashes between Serb in Ankara. forces and Croatian army regu-

lars in the south. Meanwhile, U.S. planes droped more than 40 tonnes of supplies over the town of Srebrenica early Tuesday in the ninth airdrop mission to eastern Bos-

nia, the American military said. The U.S. European Command said in a statement the airdrops were focused for the fourth straight time on the town of

"Gorazde was also chosen because of its rapidly increasing refugee population and our intent to supplement relief assistance when sufficient supplies cannot be delivered by overland convoys," it said.

Sarajevo also received supplies Tuesday as three U.S. C-130s airlifted in 87 tonnes of supplies and food. Since the flights began last July, U.S. aircraft have airlifted over 9,000 tonnes of supplies, food and equipment into the besieged Bosnian capital, the statement added.

Bosnian Muslims see snags in an internationally-mediated peace plan but have been promised improvements if an agreement is reached, Bosnian Foreign Minister Haris Silajdzic said

"In the New York talks, we have been given important assurances from the United States and the international community that many things will change if a peace agreement is reached," Mr. Sila-jdzic told reporters on his arrival

outline his ideas on future peace

stered by its battlefield sucessess,

was prepared to talk peace but on

September's election results.

California

nurse says

in hospital

LOS ANGELES (R) — A nurse testifying in the Rodney King

beating case said Monday that as

the injured black motorist lay in a

hospital emergency room, one of

the accused white police officers taunted him, likening the beating

Nurse Carol Edwards said

officer Laurence Powell told Mr.

King police had "played a little hard ball" with him, and had "hit

a few home runs." A home run is

the biggest hit possible in the

U.S. national sport, which is

now accused in federal court of

testify later Monday, bust revised

last year.

their estimates.

played with a bat and ball.

to a baseball game.

its terms.

Her said the major snag in the

plan laid out by mediators Cyrus Vance and Lord Owen was that it allows continued Serbian control over territory seized in the 10month-old war in Bosnia.

The peace talks in New York were interrupted Saturday to give the Bosnian Muslim government and its Bosnian Serb adversaries time to decide whether they accept the map redrawing Bosnia into 10 semi-autonomous regions. Mr. Silajdzic arrived in Ankara on an unannounced visit for talks

with Turkish Foreign Minister Hikmet Cetin. U.S. special envoy to the for-mer Yugoslavia Reginald Barth-olomew said Monday that any U.S. force under U.N. supervision would follow a peace settle-

"I think that we don't contemplate that sort of thing (using troops) at this point in time. What we're working on is the kind of diplomatic and strategy of pressure that I have described."

he said on U.S. public television. But the basic sizing and structuring of a force that we're talking about putting in there is keyed to a workable settlement. And that's what we're trying to get right now," he added.

The United States may be taking a more aggressive stance against Serbian advances in Bosnia, but it remains cool to the kind of military intervention U.N. Secretary-General Boutros Ghali has in mind.

U.N. approves negotiations with the government and the organisation of humanitarian aid for victims of the conflict. Cambodia UNITA's London-based negotiator Brigadier Isaias Samakuvu said Monday that UNITA, bolelections

UNITED NATIONS (R) -- China, an ally of Cambodia's Khmer The loss of Soyo in January and the highland capital of Huambo Rouge, joined 14 other Securat the weekend dealt a doubleity Council members Monday in blow to the government, hard-pressed since fighting resumed in endorsing the country's May elections without the participation of earnest two months ago after the radical guerrillas. UNITA's rejection of last

The Council's resolution, adopted unanimously, was the first time China had supported the U.N. peace process since it became clear that the Khmer Rouge would be excluded from the elections and a subsequent Cambodian government.

The resolution also expresse Council "readiness" to support the result of the elections for a constituent assembly which will taunted King d to the forms government "for all Cambo-dians" by September.

"In voting for the resolution, we have committed ourselves to supporting only the government which will emerge from the elections as the sole legitimate authority for all of Cambodia," said U.S. Ambassador Madeleine Albright.

The Khmer Rouge, which holds about a fourth of the country, has refused to join the May 23-27 election. Meanwhile, five more Viet-

namese soldiers have been found Hesse state Sunday. in Cambodia and should be deported immediately, the head of the U.N. peacekeeping mission told faction leaders Tuesday.

idential republic, could tear the port on the eve of a battle with country apart.
Mr. Yeltsin, in what seemed Russia's conservative supreme Mr. Yeltsin badly needs the backing of the heads of Russia's like an oblique threat to suspend the constitution and impose presidential rule, said last week he could take a "final option" of semi-autonomous regional republics to press his plan for a powermeasures to end the row if the sharing deal with the Congress of

should let people choose whether

they want a fully-fledged pres-

People carry away a man wounded by a shell which fell near the TV station in Sarajevo (AFP photo)

to marshal support for his plan

Yeltsin meets regional chiefs

two sides did not reach a com-Congress dealt him a heavy blow in December, clipping his powers and forcing him to drop reformist acting Prime Minister

Yegor Gaidar. Some foreign observers say the situation in Russia is more unstable than at any time since a failed hardline coup in 1991. which triggered the collapse of

U.S. President Bill Clinton arranged to meet former President Richard Nixon Monday to

Mr. Nixon said last week after a visit to Russia that Mr. Yeltsin's reformist government would not survive without more Western Mr. Yeltsin is seeking strong

presidential powers to push through his reforms against resistance in parliament. After his meeting with republi-

can leaders, the president was due to meet district administrators and the heads of parliamentary factions in flurry of pre-Congress lobbying.
Government members com-

pain their plans are constantly undermined by parliamentary control over key levers of economic policy, especially the Central

Prime Minister Viktor Chernomyrdin, a man with broad authority among the country's industrial leaders, has thrown his support fully behind Mr. Yeltsin.

Germans concerned about right-wing rise

the Soviet Union.

BONN (R) - More than half of Germans questioned listed the rise of far-right extremism as their main concern, according to

Yeltsin met powerful reginal

leaders Tuesday to marshal sup-

Regional leaders have told him

they are opposed to a constitu-

tional referendum planned for

April. But most said at a meeting

with parliamentary chairman

Rusian Khasbulatov Monday the

Congress should bow to Mr. Yelt-

If Congress, as seems likely.

cancels the referendum and re-

jects the power-sharing deal, Mr. Yeltsin could find himself

seriously hampered in his market

Mr. Khasbulatov insists the re-

sin and allow it to go ahead.

legislature.

People's Deputies.

an opinion poll released Tuesday.
The Allensbach Institute said 53 per cent of Germans asked what their main worry was among 20 alternatives pointed to spreading right-wing extremism.

The poil showed 48 per cent were concerned that politicians would not be attach handle the mostr bur rs. such as the infi. .eds of thousands or asyium eekers.

It said 56 per cent supported a plan by Interior Minister Rudolf Seiters to use classic devices such as radar to guard the borders with Poland and the Czech republic against illegal immigrants.

The survey, which covered a representative sample of 2,264 people, was carried out in Janu-

The anti-foreigner Republicans, who are under official investigation on suspicion of being anti-democratic, won 8.3 per cent of the vote in local elections in

It was the first barometer of voter sympathies after 17 people died in a wave of right-wing and refugees last year.

Chancellor Helmut Kohl has laid part of the blame for what he called the miserable showing of his Christian Democrats (CDU) in weekend local elections on his

ruling three-party coalition. "The CDU can't gloss over the election results," Mr. Kohl said Monday, commenting on Sunday's local elections in the state of Hesse, which includes Germany's financial capital Frankfurt.

Mr. Kohl said "endless arguparties in Bonn had been a major reason for gains made by the right-wing Republicans in Hesse.

The Republicans, led by a former soldier in Hitler's Waffen-SS, won up to 15 per cent in some areas in the first test of voter sympathies since last year's wave of anti-foreigner violence.

The Republicans, who are under official investigation on suspicion of being antidemocratic, took 8.3 per cent of the vote throughout Hesse while the CDU slipped slightly to 32

per cent. The Social Democrats (SPD), the main opposition party in Bonn, could muster only 36.4 per

Free Democrats (FDP), junior partners in Mr. Kohl's coalition, had 5.1 per cent. Mr. Kohl also attacked the

FDP and its leader Otto Lambsdorff for their role in govern-

"He should look at himself if he's complaining about ineffec-tive government," Mr. Kohl said of Mr. Lambsdorff. He said leadership wrangles in

the FDP after the resignation of rmer Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher last year had

"One rarely sees party leaders acting quite so clumsily," Mr. Kohl said.

The chancellor said he boped the SPD, who plunged 8.4 percentage points from the last local polls in 1989, would take the

result to heart. He said he hoped it would now stop blocking progress on a "soli-darity pact" for economic recovery and the regeneration of for-

mer Communist east Germany. Mr. Kohl needs a deal with the SPD because it rules a majority of the country's 16 states and controls the upper house of parlia-

French film about

AIDS wins Cesars

PARIS (R) - For once at a file. awards ceremony, the tears were very real and the usual platitudes about art transcending life were all too apt. The French Cinema Academy hailed an off-beat story of a bisexual with AIDS. "Les Nuits Fauves" (Savage Nights), as the best film of the year at Monday night's Cesar ceremony, the French equivalent of the Hollywood Oscars. But Cyril Collard, the man who wrote, directed and starred in the film, was not there to bask in his glory. He died of AIDS last Friday at the age of 35. It was an emotional evening, as one by one Collard's collaborators on the film, dressed in mourning, walked up the podium and broke down in tears as they paid tribute to him, "T" carry this film with me forever. Cyril, it's given me strength, it's given me life... I hope that up there you have already found some film stock and a camera," said his co-star Romane Bohringer, who was named most promising actress. "Les Nuits Fauves" picked up four awards, including Best Film and Best First Film. It tells the story of Jean, a fastliving, promiscuous bisexual Parisian who falls in love with a 17-year-old girl but only has the courage to tell her he has AIDS after he has slept with her.

Neighbours sue Travolta over size of his airplane

PORT ORANGE, Flordia (R) --A state court has been asked to decide whether movie star John Travolta is keeping his neigh-bours awake with his large private jet. Some residents at the exclusive Spruce Creek fly-in development have sued Travolta. an avid aviator who starred in Urban Cowboy, Saturday Night Fever and Grease. Some Spruce Creek homeowners object to the noisy, 50,000-pound (22,700 kg) airplane he used to commute to his luxurious Florida home. "It's a big, big plane," said Stephen Ponder, a lawyer representing the Home Owners Association. "It looks like a commercial jet that seats 30 to 40 people." The upscale community near Orlando has its own private airstrip, and restricts airplanes to a 12,500-pound (5,700 kg) limit, a restriction enacted after Travolta bought his Gulfstream G-2 plane. The restriction was not meant Ponder said. "This is a question of safety and welfare for the community," he said. A prelimin-ary hearing is planned in staff court Wednesday.

Australian band burns Union Jack in call for republic

SYDNEY (AP) — One of Australia's most popular rock bands, Midnight Oil, burns Britain's Union Jack flag in a video for a new single that urges the declaration of a republic. The son, Truganini, is named after the last of thousands of indigenous aborigines of the Australian island of Tasmania who died out last century when white settlement brought disease and massacres. The Daily Telegraph Mirror re-ported Tuesday that the video shows a man draped in a burning flag as vocalist Peter Garrett sings: "I see the Union Jack im flames. Let it burn." Australia's flag includes the Union Jack. In recent years, there has been growing support for a new flag as well as the replacement of Quees Elizabeth II as head of state. Both causes have been backed by Prime Minister Paul Keating. whose Labour Party government, goes to the polls Saturday, two days after the video is to be released. Australia is a member of the British Commonwealth, an association of former British colonies that acknowledges Queen Elizabeth as symbolic head,

Only five months in jail — what a swindle

ULAN BATOR (R) — A 28-year-old Canadian who swindled his way to the top of Mongolian society was pardoned by the president and released from jail. Timothy Flynn talked his way into the state guest house, flew for free on the national airline and even had an official Mercedes limousine at his beck and call. He passed himself off variously as the heir to Canada's largest family fortune, son of Newfoundland's provincial gov-ernor and distributor of Canadian aid, but landed in jail for five years last September for fraud and "hooliganism." The Mongo-lian president pardoned him after his family said he suffered from schizoid behaviour.

Massive U.S.-S. Korean military exercises start

SEOUL (Agencies) — U.S. and South Korean troops began 10 days of joint military exercises Tuesday with a large pre-dawn mock amphibious assault, as North Korea placed its entire army on full alert.

willfully violating his rights, will tell his story in open court for the first time since the March 3, 1991, videotaped beating.

He testified before a federal grand jury behind closed doors preparation for war.
Thousands of battle ready U.S. Prosecution lawyers had at first said they expected Mr. King to

controversial exercises.

from Okinawa landed in air cushioned landing craft deployed from American navy ships while thousands of South Korean Marines stormed ashore at near-

largest joint war exercises in the world. More than 120,000 U.S. and South Korean troops are taking part.

the pro-West South, has harshly criticised the exercises and called off talks on easing tensions with South Korea to protest. The annual exercises, which

began in 1976, were cancelled last year in a peace gesture to North Korea. They were reinstated this year after the North refused to agree to inter-Korean inspections of suspected nuclear weapons

North Korea saidits entire armed forces and citizens went into a "semi war state" to cope with what it called a military provocation from the South. The North's armed forces are estimated at 1.2 million.

The North ordered its 22 milfion people to "keenly watch every move of the enemy with high revolutionary vigilance and keep themselves in full combat readiness to destroy the enemies at one stroke," the North's offi-cial Korean Central News Agencv reported. North Korea took similar ac-

tions during the exercises in the

On Monday, 550 U.S. soldiers flew from McChord Air Force Base in Washington to Pohand nonstop for a parachute drop. Military officials said the planes refuelled twice in the air. U.S. Air Force D-1B strategic

bombers. Stealth bombers and F-15E fighters are to participate for the first time-in the exercises. In F117-A Stealth bomber and batteries of Patriot missiles. which also will be used in the exercises, were part of the U.S. arsenal during the 1991 Gulf war. The Patriots were show in South Korea for the first time last year. There are about 36,000 U.S.

soldiers stationed in South Korea under a mutual defence pact. South Korea has about 650,000 North and South Korea fought

three-year war beginning in North Korean radio broadcast live coverage of a mass rally in N.& S.KOREA USSR

the capital Pyongyang Tuesday as footing in response to the start of the exercises in South Korea.

The report, monitored by the British Broadcasting Corporation (BBC), said senior Workers' Party official Choe Tae-Pok addressed the rally, called in support of Monday's order by military chief Jim Jong-Il putting the Communist nation on heightened alert.

The North Korean newspaper Rodong Sinmun said Seoul and Washington intended to turn the military exercise into a "real way against the North."

Japanese Prime Minister Kiichi Miyazawa said Tuesday a nuclear-armed North Korea would threaten Japan and urged Pyongyang to let the United Nations nuclear watchdog inspect

"It is important for North Korea to allow nuclear inspections," Mr. Miyazawa told the Upper House Budget Commit-He said Japan should regard the inspections as the biggest issue in talks between Tokyo and Pyongyang on normalising rela-On Feb. 25, the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) gave North Korea one month to respond to the demand for access

to the sites at Yongbyon, 100 kilometres northwest of Pyongyang. North Korea rejected the IAEA demands, saying the move would be a serious violation of its

sovereignty. Pyongyang insists the installa-tions at Yongbyon are conven-tional military sites and not subject IAEA inspection.

North Korea under nuclear suspicion poses a threat not to only to South Korea but also to Japan," Mr. Miyazawa said.

As long as Pyongyan refused to allow nuclear inspections, it would never clear doubts among the international community over its nuclear programme, he added.

Taiks on normalisation of relations between Japan and North Korea broke up during the eighth round in Peking in November. New talks have not been sche-

North Korea has warned Japan tht it would not resume normalisation talks if Tokyo continued to demand that Pyongyang comply with the IAEA deamnds.

Romanian opposition urges vote on reform strategy

BUCHAREST (R) — Romania's opposition Tuesday challenged the minority left-wing government to put its tough economic

reforms to a parliamentary vote. "Prime Minister Nicolae Vacaroiu should assume responsibility for the government's proposed reforms, "said Corneliu Coposu, head of the National Peasant Party (NPP), a mainstay of Romania's centrist opposition alliance.

Mr. Coposu made the remarks at the start of Tuesday's parliamentary debate on the fouryear, austerity economic prog- years.

The programme includes re-

almost four months of delays. in 1992.

Communist cabinets and proposed to haul the economy back from recession. But it promised no economic revival for several

ramme which Mr. Vacaroiu took to the legislative last week after forms designed to cut inflation by

more than half this year and cut it down to 15 per cent by 1996. Annual inflation was 200 per cent The tough package continues market-economy reforms launched by previous post-

She said Mr. King, who was expected to take the witness be passed," he said. Mr. Fowler ruled out a referendum and tried to calm fears in financial markets stand Tuesday, was not sweating and showed no signs of being under the influence of the drug PCP, as Officer Powell and his and among Britain's EC partners about the significance of the decolleagues had testified in their "The amendment we've lost should not send the kind of shiv-California state trial last year. ers that apparently everyone is Mr. King, who did not testify in getting into at the moment," be the California trial of the officers.

Conservative rebel Nicholas Budgen said Mr. Major must accept a referendum if he wanted to avoid another parliamentary defeat. "All we're trying to do is ensure full discussion of this treaty and most of all we would like to have a referendum so it could be considered more widely," Mr.

The rebels believe they would win a referendum easily as they claim up to 70 per cent of Britons

Welsh and Scottish nationalists He is likely to remain on the with promises about representastand for about two days. Protion on the EC committee. are against Maastricht. secutors say they expect to question him for about 20 to 30 minutes, but defence lawyers say their cross-examination will last a day and a half. Officer Powell, Officer Theo-

dore Briseno and former Officer Timothy Wind are accused of violating Mr. King's civil rights by beating him with batons, kicking him and stomping on him. Sergeant Stacey Koon, the

senior officer during the beating, is charged with the same rights violation for allowing it to con-All four have pleaded not guil-ty. Each faces 10 years in jail and a fine of up to 250,000 if con-

victed. The officers testified in their California state trial that they thought Mr. King was under the influence of PCP when they tried to arrest him following a highspeed car chase.

cent in Hesse, one of their tradiviolence against foreign residents

North Korean news reports, monitored in Tokyo Monday, said the hardline Communist state proclaimed a "semi war state" in response to the "Team Spirit" exercises, calling them a

and South Korean Marines came ashore at Pohang, 300 kilometres southeast of Seoul, in the first major field manoeuvre of the About 5,000 U.S. Marines

The 10-day exercises, which end on March 18, are one of the

North Korea, longtime rival of